

DAILY CITY RECORD

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BY J. L. BROWN

DAILY CITY, (VISTA GRANDE P.O.) SAN MATEO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1913

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ANTI-ALIEN LAND LAW

The California State Federation of Labor have addressed a letter to the Labor Press of California, containing the following resolutions, which were passed by a unanimous vote of the Federation:

WHEREAS, It is reported in the newspapers that a Referendum is to be invoked upon the Anti-Alien Land Law enacted at the last session of the Legislature, and

WHEREAS, The only object to be accomplished by such Referendum is a postponement of the date when the law will go into effect and in the meantime permitting Asiatics to acquire title to land, therefore be it

RESOLVED, By the San Francisco Labor Council in regular meeting assembled, May 23, 1913, that we strongly disapprove of any Referendum upon said Anti-Alien Land Law and urge upon those who desire a more stringent law to make use of the Initiative which will at least give us the benefit of the present law, defective though it may be, until the time when a perfect law can be enacted; further

RESOLVED, That we urge upon the members of organized labor generally to carefully scrutinize any petition for a Referendum that may be circulated, and refuse to help any scheme which will tie up the present law until November 1914.

"Reaches the Beaches"

The following characteristic article was written by the late W. H. Meacham, whose death is chronicled elsewhere in this issue. It was published in the Coast Side Comet last Friday, the day of his death, being inspired by a trip to Moss Beach on the previous Sunday:

"The Ocean Shore Railroad 'reaches the beaches.' That is what the writer saw placarded on the bill boards in San Francisco, and prompted by a desire to reach Moss Beach, recently, he took passage on an Ocean Shore train at its depot at Daly City.

The ride over this road cannot be described in too glowing terms. The language that should be used in its praise is beyond the reach of the writer, suffice to say that the journey is through gorges of gorgeous grandeur, promoting inspiration, wonderment, surprise and a good appetite for mussels.

Arriving at our destination the train stopped at a pretty little station presided over by Mrs. T. L. Jordan, whose pleasant smile seemed to say: 'Welcome to our city.' We felt right at home after meeting several citizens of the city. The one great advantage Moss Beach has over San Mateo is that every purchaser of a lot in that locality gets a 'Marine View' with every purchase which is quite a fad among the residents along the line of the Ocean Shore Railroad. In plain words a 'marine view' goes with every deed to property purchased in Moss Beach townsite.

As to Moss Beach itself, one would think it was out of sight until a few steps lead you to the beautiful bathing site, skirted with sand and moss. The moss there is where the beach derives its name. It is beautiful and you would think so too, if you could see it in its natural state.

The beach has become famous as a fishing and bathing resort for crowds of visitors. There is no undertow at this point and the water is quite wet. The beach also is inviting for spooning couples, heartless swains and lovesick billygoats. This class of population frequently visit the beach to hear what the 'wild waves are saying,' and these waves talk too, believe me, and sometimes they say such silly things as to make the 'ocean's roar.' Then the 'bounding billows' get busy and fight it out on the 'raging main.' At any rate, if one is not inclined to seek some sequestered nook on the cozy beach with a fair companion, he can fish from the rocks, and they say the finny tribe take delight in nibbling at the bait while you wait.

The people there have comfortable homes and enjoy life to its fullest extent. They welcome visitors.

The Ocean Shore Railroad people are doing wonders to develop this section and new equipment is being added to their line, new trains have been put on the run, and the employees of the road are courteous, obliging and friendly to all. This road that 'reaches the beaches' surely is a great factor in bringing pleasurable outings to the thousands who avail themselves of the opportunity to reach the beaches."

Superior Court

Frank Bell vs. D. E. Blackburn. Trial set for June 17th.

Frank Convery vs. Pacific Gas and Electric Co. Demurrer overruled. John B. Coleman vs. Carrie A. Anthony. Demurrer set for June 12.

Wm. E. Reilly vs. Ethel M. Reilly. Decree of divorce granted plaintiff.

John M. Wilson vs. Eugenio Doneluz. Demurrer continued to May 29th.

Fred Pattison vs. N. J. McNamara. Notice of motion to strike out denied.

Elsie R. Ryley vs. Ralph M. Ryley. Motion to reopen case continued to May 23.

Julia Peterson vs. Louis Peterson. Notice of motion dropped from calendar.

Cora M. Perkins et al vs. N. J. McNamara. Notice of motion to strike out denied.

Thos. J. Mullins vs. Elizabeth E. Mullins. Order to show cause continued to June 5th.

Frances S. Arnold vs. Richard S. Arnold. Motion for alimony etc., continued to June 12.

Cora P. Weingartner vs. Louis Weingartner. Interlocutory decree of divorce granted plaintiff.

East San Mateo Land Co. vs. Southern Pacific Co. Motion to elect judgment continued to May 24.

The People vs. Marsh Donaghy. Trial set for June 3. Sheriff ordered to select 15 jurors for trial.

A. M. Robertson vs. H. C. Finkler. Motion for a new trial denied for reason that there is no motion before the court.

O. F. Westphal vs. H. C. Finkler. Motion for a new trial denied for the reason that there is no motion before the court.

Annie Christina Duffy has brought divorce proceedings in the Superior Court against her husband, Henry E. Duffy on the ground of failure to provide. The couple was married in the County of San Mateo on January 22, 1910. There are no children as a result of the union nor is there any community property.

Defendant is a baker and earns \$100 a month. Besides the decree plaintiff asks for sufficient funds to defray the expenses of the suit.

Judge Buck on Thursday granted an interlocutory decree of divorce to William E. Rilly from his wife, Ethel M. Reilly on the ground of extreme cruelty. The couple was married at the City of Danville, Illinois on February 9, 1907. There are no children as a result of the marriage. The property rights were settled on of court. The couple reside at San Bruno. Mr. Reilly is a printer by trade and is employed on the Examiner.

Judge Buck has granted an interlocutory decree of divorce to Clara Palone Weingartner from her husband, Louis Weingartner, on the ground of extreme cruelty. The plaintiff was permitted to resume her maiden name, Clara Palone Maravik.

R. F. Chilcott, appraiser of the estate of David Stauffer, deceased, has filed his inventory and appraisal. The total value of the estate is placed at \$2501.42. It consists of money received from the estate of Benjamin Stauffer, amounting to \$2351.42 and lot 5, block 2, Pinner's Subdivision appraised at \$150.

Kopp and Schick, incorporated, have brought suit in the Superior Court against Mary Farrell and her husband, Byron Farrell, to recover the sum of \$462.92, balance due on open book account extending over a period of four years.

Judge Buck has appointed R. F. Chilcott appraiser of the estate of Mary B. Hansen, deceased.

The San Mateo Polo Club has petitioned the Superior Court for leave to mortgage the property of the club for \$115,000. A portion of this sum will be applied to purchase fifteen acres of land owned by the San Mateo Investment Company at Hillsborough for \$40,000 and nearly three acres of land at the same place owned by El Cerrito Land Co.

THE SUPERVISORS

The Engineering Department of the State Highway Commission to Help San Mateo County in an Advisory Capacity to Construct Our Co. Roads.

\$350,000 FOR THIS YEAR'S ROAD WORK

County Treasurer Chamberlain to Move to the Court House---Health Officer Beattie Re-appointed---Effort to widen State Highway South of San Mateo.

At the special meeting of the Board of Supervisors Monday, all members were present.

After the preliminaries, County Treasurer P. P. Chamberlain appeared before the board and voluntarily stated that he was ready to move into the office provided for the treasurer in the court house, stating that it would be necessary to procure a suitable coin box as a receptacle for the county's money and a few other incidental necessities.

A communication was received from Arthur E. Loder with two rights-of-way deeds that by motion were ordered recorded. This completes the rights-of-way transaction for the State Highway through San Mateo county.

M. B. Johnson, chairman of the Road Advisory Board, read a letter from the State Highway Commission, tendering the services of the entire commission in an advisory capacity for the construction of our county roads. It is understood that the Supervisors had been negotiating with State Highway Engineer Arthur E. Loder, to assist County Surveyor Neuman, who stated that he would have to first advise with the Commission, which he did and this letter is the result. The letter stated that it would be best to designate one of the engineering staff to take the initiative in behalf of the Commission and as to his compensation, that could be left to the Supervisors to settle. Surveyor Neuman was called upon for his opinion of the offer and evidently was pleased with the prospect of having the assistance of the entire State Highway Commission, for he stated his entire approval, whereupon Supervisor Casey said that the offer was far more favorable than was expected and moved to accept Supervisor Blackburn second-

ed the motion which carried unanimously. A communication was also received by M. B. Johnson, relative to the San Bruno road to connect with our bay shore road and the city officials had made \$75,000 available for the work, with promise to appropriate any additional sum that may be needed.

By motion a resolution was passed requesting the State Highway Commission to increase the width of the highway from 20 to 24 feet between San Mateo and Santa Clara county line, San Francisco creek, to correspond with the highway north of San Mateo, through Colma and Daly City to San Francisco.

The matter of the amount of bonds to be sold for road construction work this year was discussed. \$300,000 was first suggested and then \$400,000 and finally Casey moved that the first issue be to be \$350,000. He was seconded by MacBain and the motion carried unanimously. This will likely be sufficient, but if not, more of the bonds can be disposed of at the pleasure of the Supervisors.

At the previous meeting a proposition was made for changes in the recorder's office for the accommodation of abstracters to cost \$800 and the same was dropped. Mr. Chilcott presented another proposition to install a dumb waiter at a cost of \$165. Referred to court house committee.

By motion of MacBain Chas. Jacobus was appointed janitor of the court house.

By motion of Casey and seconded by Francis, Dr. W. G. Beattie was re-appointed health officer for the ensuing year. The secret ballot was found to be unanimous.

There being no further business the board adjourned until next Monday, June 2nd.

for \$6125. The club has an option of the property to be bought for these sums. The petition will come up for hearing on June 5th.

The case of C. V. Thompson and others against Osman N. Steele and others has been dismissed. The notice of dismissal was filed in the county clerk's office on Thursday. C. V. Thompson and Sedgwick Thompson brought suit in the Superior Court against Osman N. Steele and Jay F. Steele last March to recover the sum of \$5000 for a breach of contract. According to the allegation of the complaint C. V. Thompson entered into an agreement on December 21, 1912 with Osman N. Steele whereby the latter agreed to sell his ranch of 400 acres near Pescadero for the sum of \$12,000.

The sum of \$2000 was to be paid on signing of contract and the remaining \$10,000 by 1920, the plaintiff to pay interest at the rate of 8 percent per annum on that sum. Pursuant to the agreement Thompson paid the \$2000 but Steele subsequently failed to give him possession of the property. Now Thompson asks the court to award him \$5000 for the damages he sustained in the transaction. On the date of signing the agreement Thompson disposed of a half interest in the agreement to sell to Sedgwick Thompson. Jay F. Steele is named

as one of the defendants who holds a lease on the property and hence is named a party to the action.

New-Method Bookkeeping.

In a strenuous attempt to prove that the Geary-street Municipal Railway is being run at a loss, the Chronicle figures that all the expenses of three elections to vote on the proposal for municipal ownership and operation of the Geary-street line should be charged against the Municipal Railway. That is what may be called "bookkeeping statesmanship."

But the Chronicle's bookkeeping expert has forgotten something. He should have charged against the Municipal Railway what the United Railway paid to the Chronicle and for billboard advertising in its endeavor to defeat municipal ownership of the Geary-street line.—San Francisco Star.

C. P. Mosconi, the popular and well liked hotel man of Half Moon Bay, who was last year elected to the office of Grand Outside Sentinel of the Native Sons of the Golden West was promoted to the office of Grand Inside Sentinel at the State Convention held at Oroville last week. Charley is proprietor of the Mosconi Hotel and his place is one of the most popular hotels on the Coast Side of San Mateo county.—Coast Side Comet.

DON'T MONKEY with the cheap printer. It costs you more in the long run. Pay us a fair price for good work and get satisfaction.

Probate Court

Estate of George D. Greeley, deceased and petition for distribution granted.

Estate of Alvinza Hayward, deceased. Petition for distribution granted.

Estate of Margaret Madden, deceased. Final account and petition for distribution continued to May 29th.

Estate of Charles Hessler, deceased. Final account allowed and settled and petition for distribution granted.

Estate of Anna Massen, deceased. W. M. Hodgkins granted letters of administration with bond fixed at \$100.

Estate and guardianship of Kate Motz, an incompetent person. Petition for letters of guardianship continued to May 29.

Estate of Joseph Hutchings, deceased. Sale of 320 acres land in Sutter county to S. Shannon for \$15,360 confirmed.

Estate and guardianship of Bertha L. Bradley, an incompetent person. First annual account of the guardian allowed and settled.

Estate and guardianship of Jos. H. Wilson, an incompetent person. Geo. A. Kertell appointed guardian with bond fixed in the sum of \$1000.

Estate of F. M. Granger, deceased. Petition for order of sale of real property granted. Administratrix required to file additional bond of \$5000.

M. A. Deroux has applied in the Superior Court for letters of administration upon the estate of Richard H. Gegax, who died in the County of Alameda in 1911. He was at that time a resident of Daly City. The estate consists of an interest in certain real property located in Sacramento county valued at \$100. The heirs at law are the widow, Kate Gegax and a son, Will Gegax, residing at Daly City.

M. J. Scarpa of Mountain View has applied in the Superior Court for letters of administration upon the estate of Helena P. Scarpa, who died at Halfmoon Bay on April 28, 1913. The estate consists of money in various banks amounting to \$1725 and the entire value of the estate does not exceed the sum of \$2000. The heirs at law are, Mrs. Addie Blanchard residing at Menlo Park, Mrs. Teresa Debenedetti, living at Halfmoon Bay, Mrs. Mary Martin living at San Leandro, Mrs. Isabella Kull, San Francisco, Mrs. Julia Myrick, Mayfield, Paul B. Scarpa, Mayfield, Joseph Scarpa, Mountain View and Michael Scarpa, Mountain View. District Attorney A. M. Free of Santa Clara county is the petitioner's attorney.

M. J. Hynes, public administrator of San Francisco and guardian of the person and estate of Loren Coburn, the aged Pescadero capitalist, has applied in the Superior Court for an order or permission to sell the standing and manufactured timber on the Gozons and Wadell Creeks, to complete and execute a certain lease for the Coburn ranch of 10,000 acres land near King City, Monterey county, to complete and execute a certain lease for the ranch of 10,000 acres located at Pescadero and to sell or give an option for sale of the King City ranch of 10,000 acres. The hearing on the petition will come up on June 20. The Supreme Court recently affirmed the decision of the lower court, declaring Loren Coburn incompetent. Coburn has made an application to the Federal Court to have the case reopened but that tribunal has not acted on the petition. In the meantime the guardian is preparing to dispose of some of the property of the big holdings of the estate.

John H. Grady, special administrator of the estate of Pheobe W. Daughaday, deceased, has filed a notice of an appeal to the Supreme Court from the order of Judge Buck made on May 15, denying a new trial in the case of Josephine A. Phelps against John H. Grady, as special administrator of the estate of Pheobe W. Daughaday, deceased.

COAST SIDE OF SAN MATEO CO.

F. E. Hamlin made a trip to San Francisco Monday.

Frank Dalrymple is working on the Fleming hotel being built at Tobin.

W. R. Dunn, wife and baby of Oakland spent Sunday on the beach at Moss Beach.

LeRoy Kennedy of San Francisco is visiting his father Dan Kennedy at Marine View.

Dr. and Mrs. G. S. Smith of Seal Cove are in Los Angeles making an extended visit with friends.

Robert Gallagher has purchased a Stanley automobile which is to be delivered on June First.

C. M. Johnson returned home from Nevada Monday. He reports a very successful business trip.

Mrs. Wm. Nichols and mother Mrs. Dunham of Marine View visited friends in San Francisco Wednesday.

J. Roddy and family of San Francisco was at Tobin last week. They came down in their new automobile.

E. H. Bellmer and family of Sacramento has leased the Howard house at Moss Beach for the month of July.

Ernest W. Jakobs spent last week in Marysville as a delegate to the Grand Court of the Forerunners of America.

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. M. Lord of San Francisco are occupying the Quest Cottage, Moss Beach for May and June.

Mrs. G. G. Devoe and son Irwin and Miss Harrison of San Francisco visited their sister Mrs. T. L. Jordan at Moss Beach.

Henry W. Lautenwasser, wife and two children of San Francisco visited Tom Quinlan and family at Miramar last week.

D. S. Hinds and brother, W. G. Stewart and Geo. O. Rich left on Tuesday for Alaska. They expect to be gone all summer.

T. P. Amos and family of Napa and Farallone, are occupying their bungalow here on 5th Street. They intend to remain all summer.

Mrs. W. B. Cutler, C. E. Hickock and wife of Portland, Oregon, arrived at Granada Wednesday and expect to make that place their future home.

Leland Gallagher was at Manito with the Mission High School Cadets of San Francisco last week, where they were engaged in target practice.

A number of the members of the Union Iron Workers, No. 78 of San Francisco, accompanied by their wives and sweethearts spent Sunday at Moss Beach.

Frank Richardson spent several days last week at Salada Beach where plastering the new house being built by Contractor R. McDonald for a San Francisco lady.

Engineer Wm. Roix of the Ocean Shore Railroad is re-furnishing the Bulletin cottage at Arleta and will occupy it with his wife soon after the first of June.

J. C. Wilson of Rockaway Beach is one of the newest commuters on the Ocean Shore. His family is spending the summer there while he is working in San Francisco.

Last Monday evening the Fraternal Brotherhood held a social for members only at the lodge rooms in the Montara-Farallone School House. Refreshments were served.

S. L. Schmidt of Granada has sold his property at that place to Mrs. Sarah Croyden, wife of the Granada merchant Mr. Schmidt and family will make their future home in Sacramento.

Misses Gertrude and Leah Furgeson and Miss Georgia Skaggs of San Francisco, nieces of Mrs. Gallagher, visited their aunt last week. Mrs. Gallagher was a city visitor Wednesday.

R. B. Hillyard and family of San Francisco occupied the T. T. Johnson cottage last week. They were called back Wednesday on account of the illness of Mr. Hillyard's mother.

Mr. Carp is putting up a barn on his lot on 6th Street for Kent & Reef to whom he has rented the East half of his store building. Mr. Kent expects to move his store to Farallone about June 1, and it won't be a branch store either.

Ed Schneller of the Rockaway Beach Hotel and Amusement Company was in San Francisco Wednesday transacting business for his company. Schneller is well pleased with the work accomplished and says that the 100-room hotel is now ready for the shingles.

Cookery Points

Iced Chocolate.

There are various ways of preparing iced chocolate, but this method permits all the labor of preparation to be done hours in advance of serving time. Scrape or grate a quarter of a pound of unsweetened chocolate and put into a porcelain lined or aluminium saucepan with three-quarters of a cupful of sugar and one cupful of boiling water. Stir and cook steadily until a smooth, shiny paste is formed, but take care it does not burn. Add one and a half pints of boiling water and let boil slowly until a sirup is formed; then remove from the fire and stir every few minutes until cool. Flavor with vanilla and a suggestion of cinnamon, pour into a preserve jar, seal tight and stand in the refrigerator. When ready to serve add three-quarters of a cupful of rich cream and beat with an egg whip until light. Half fill the glasses with crushed ice, fill up with the sirup and top with a teaspoonful of whipped cream.

Nut Shingles.

Nut shingles are sure to be well received. Cream together one-quarter cupful each of butter, lard and boiling water, then mix in one-half cupful of molasses into which has been stirred one teaspoonful of soda. To one-half cupful of brown sugar add one-half tablespoonful of ginger, a little grated nutmeg and clove and a pinch of salt, and add all this to the other ingredients. This amount will require about three cupfuls of flour. The mixture should be chilled and then rolled very thin and cut into strips about three inches long and one inch wide. Spread chopped nuts over these and bake in a good oven. The baking requires only ten minutes or so.

Vanities.

Vanities! They don't sound very filling, but they are worth eating just the same, and they are so simple and easy to make that they are worth trying. Beat one egg very thoroughly, then beat into it one-half teaspoonful of salt and one tablespoonful of milk. Add flour according to your judgment, which being interpreted in the case of anything like cookies always means enough to roll very thin. The chief joy of the cookie lies in its crisp brittleness. Cut the dough into oblong pieces and make two or three bold, lengthwise slashes in each piece, then drop them carefully.

Dandelion Wine.

One gallon dandelion blossoms (gathered when the sun is shining so they will be open). Pour over them one gallon of boiling water. Let stand in a cool place for three days; then put into a porcelain kettle, with the rind of three oranges and one lemon cut fine. Boil fifteen minutes; then strain. Add three pounds of granulated sugar and the pulp and juice of the oranges and lemon. When lukewarm add half of a yeast cake. Stand one week in a warm place, strain again, let it stand until it stops working; then bottle. This is said to be an excellent remedy for rheumatism.

Hard Sugar Cookies.

Hard sugar cookies are very easily made, for the directions are of the simplest. Cream one-half cupful of butter and beat in one cupful of granulated sugar and then one-half cupful of milk. Add one-half teaspoonful of soda, a pinch of salt and the flavoring. Almond is very good, also lemon. Use enough flour to make it possible to roll the cookies very thin. They will be very attractive if cut into hearts, diamonds, clubs and spades and a dainty addition to the card party refreshments. They should be baked to a delicate brown.

Raspberry Sherbet.

Place in a bowl one-half pound granulated sugar, one quart lukewarm water. Squeeze in the juice of three lemons, the grated rind of one and the white of an egg. Press through a cheesecloth into a bowl; add one-half pint preserved raspberries, add two drops carmine coloring and one tablespoonful Swiss kirschwasser and add the mixture to the water lemon ice, thoroughly mix with a silver spoon for five minutes. Strain through a Chinese strainer into a small ice cream freezer. Pack around with a liberal amount of ice and salt and let the mixture stand until well frozen. Serve immediately.

Carrot Sauté.

Boil young carrots not longer than your forefinger for eight minutes in salted water. Rub and scrape off the skins, cover with boiling water and cook tender. Drain and cut each carrot into strips. Heat a tablespoonful of butter in a frying pan with a half teaspoonful of white sugar, a little salt and pepper and when it boils lay in the strips of carrots. Cook three minutes after the bubble commences.

Pineapple Cake.

Cream one cupful of butter with two cupfuls of sugar, add one cupful of pineapple juice very gradually, beat in one and one-half cupfuls of flour; then fold in the stiffly beaten whites of eight eggs, add another cupful and a half of flour and beat well before pouring into the baking pan. When baked spread the pineapple over the cake and cover with a plain icing.

SNAPSHOTS AT NOTABLES

Lord Weardale, Head of British Peace Delegation.



Photo by American Press Association.

Elaborate plans for celebrating the centenary of the signing of the treaty of Ghent, which brought to a close the war of 1812, were prepared by the international peace conference at the meetings held in the city hall, New York. The conference is composed of delegates from Great Britain, Australia, Canada, the United States and the city of Ghent. If the suggestions of the conference are carried out a memorial bridge will be built across the Niagara river, memorial arches will be erected where the proposed Quebec-Miami and Los Angeles-Vancouver highways cross the border, and many granite shafts bearing suitable tablets will mark historic places. The treaty of Ghent was signed on Dec. 24, 1814, was little more than an agreement to cease hostilities, and it was more than a year later, Feb. 15, 1815, that disputed points were settled and the treaty ratified. It was promulgated three days later.

Lord Weardale, chairman of the British delegation, is sixty-six years old and in 1905 was created first Baron of Weardale. He is the youngest son of the fifth Earl of Stanhope, and his name is Philip James Stanhope. In his youth he was a lieutenant in the navy. His services as a member of parliament cover a period of fifteen years.

New York's Collector of Customs. John Purroy Mitchel, who succeeds William Loeb as collector of customs for the port of New York, has for nearly four years been president of the board of aldermen of New York city. The office of collector of the port of New York carries with it the largest quota of patronage of any office in the gift of the president.

The new collector first came into public notice when Mayor McClellan in 1907 appointed him commissioner of



JOHN PURROY MITCHEL.

accounts. In this capacity he investigated the offices of John F. Ahearn, president of the borough of Manhattan, and Louis F. Haffen, borough president of the Bronx. Both of these officials were removed by the governor as a result of Mr. Mitchel's investigations.

When Mayor Gaynor was shot in the summer of 1910 and was incapacitated for several months Mr. Mitchel became acting mayor and busied himself in cleaning the city of gambling and vice.

Mr. Mitchel was born in New York city about thirty-three years ago and graduated from Columbia university, where he studied the science of government and political history. He is also a lawyer. Although his family has been prominent in Tammany politics, Mr. Mitchel has always been an independent Democrat. He is not a member of Tammany Hall.

Cousin Danny

He Had the Klondike Fever

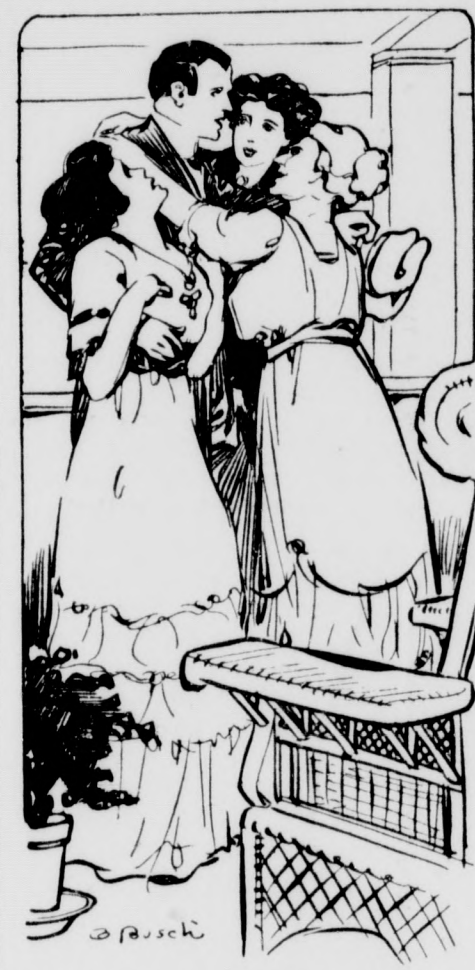
By CLARISSA MACKIE

When Danny Roland went to seek his fortune in the Klondike he carried with him the prayers and loving thoughts of his aunt and cousins with whom he had made his home since an early orphaned boyhood.

"We'll all ride in automobiles when I come back!" shouted Danny over his shoulder to the little group on the station platform.

Four long years passed after Danny went away to the gold country, and now the Rolands had news of his homecoming. They had heard from him as often as the postal facilities would admit, for sometimes he was far from any station. At first he had written of the country, the people, the strange, new life and of his hopes for success. When he returned with the gold that must surely be his for the taking they would leave the little Californian home among the roses and fare forth to some large city of the eastern states where the greatest enjoyment is supposed to be extracted from the possession of money. That was during the first two years. Since then Danny's letters had been less confident, and there was between the lines a vague, homesick longing that impelled Mrs. Roland to urge her nephew to return home whether he had attained his coveted object or not.

"Poor Danny," murmured Rose Roland as her mother finished reading the last letter. "How eager he was when he went away from us and how



THREE WOMEN WERE GATHERED INTO HIS ARMS.

hopeful his letters have been! Just think of the hardships he must have suffered in that cold, strange country!"

Beth smiled softly. She was the youngest, and she had missed Danny more than anybody else. To her the tall, handsome cousin was a gallant knight gone forth to seek fortune for his lady, who was imprisoned in a rose embowered castle.

"He should be home by the 1st of May. Don't you think so, mother?" asked Rose from her low seat near the open window.

"At the very latest. Now, daughters, remember that he must have a royal welcome, for think of his bitter disappointment at his failure to succeed in his undertaking."

"I always feel that those who make the failures of life should receive the warmest sympathy and tenderest welcome," said Rose quietly. "It is easy to bear success, but failure borne amid the silence of friends is twice bitter."

All the way down in the train to the little bungalow on the outskirts of Los Angeles Danny Roland talked to his traveling companion of the aunt and cousins whom he had left behind on his trip to the Klondike. They were both tall, stalwart, brown young men, with clear eyes and good, clean cut features. They did not look like two disappointed gold seekers, yet that is what they were.

"You will be glad to see your folks again, Dan," said the other rather wistfully. "I wish there was a welcome waiting for me somewhere; but, you know, all my people died before I left home. I must peg out a new place for myself in Los Angeles."

"Then you're going back on your promise to go home with me?" demanded Danny fiercely.

"Not at all," explained Arthur Clifford. "only I was just moaning a little moan because I didn't have a loving aunt and two pretty cousins to greet me. It's fine of you, Dan, to ask me to go with you. I wish you wouldn't insist on my accompanying you to the house tonight. Surely they will want to see you alone the first."

"Shut up!" commanded Dan crisply. "They will be delighted to see any man who saved my life. I hope you don't think I have forgotten about that ice gorge and how you?"

"It's your turn to shut up," grinned

his companion. "If I'm not mistaken this is Los Angeles, eh?"

"Come on, then," and Danny wormed himself down the aisle as the train drew to a creaking, wheezing standstill.

After they had claimed their baggage and given orders for its delivery—Danny's to his suburban home and Arthur Clifford's to a convenient hotel—they boarded a trolley car which would take them within a mile of their destination.

As the car whizzed out Danny's heart beat faster and a slow red burned into his cheeks. His homecoming was a very different one from that he had planned four years ago, when the spirit of adventure laid a strong hold upon him and led him far away from the vineyard and the little bungalow.

Now he could see that he had perhaps neglected a son's duty in leaving the three women of his family to manage the vineyard as best they could with hired help while he went rainbow chasing to the cold regions of the north. That was what he called it, "rainbow chasing," and it is just as profitable," he muttered to himself as the car reached its terminus and they tumbled out.

Their way lay through hedges of wild roses and eucalyptus. In the background were groves of orange and sunny slopes gray-green with young olive trees. There were the smell of honeysuckle and geranium and the song of many birds.

The two young men swung along the beautiful highway, one with a rapidly beating heart at the coming reunion, the other with a pleasant sense of expectation in the new friends he was about to make. Surely if they were Dan Roland's people they would be friends of his.

During the long nights when the comrades had slept together in the northern cold each had confided to the other all his history, and Dan Roland's had chiefly to do with his aunt and cousins, and he had talked so much about them that Arthur Clifford began to feel that he, too, was acquainted with them. He had almost fallen in love with sweet Rose, whose picture was included in the three which Dan treasured.

"Here we are!" shouted Danny excitedly, and he ran forward the last few steps that separated them from a rustic gate set in a privet hedge, which in its turn was half smothered in Cherokee roses. Clifford hung back that his friend might have his meeting uninterrupted, and he bore no grudge that Danny forgot him for the moment.

Three women sitting in the veranda of the bungalow were gathered into his arms, and there were laughter and tears mingled with their joyous reception of the cousin who was more like a son and brother than a more distant relation. Clifford turned his back on the happy scene and looked away over the flower decked fields.

Danny's voice brought him up the gravelled path to the foot of the steps, where he stood with bared head while he was introduced to Mrs. Roland and her two lovely daughters.

"I am so glad that our little house is roomier than it looks," said Mrs. Roland cordially. "Danny's friend must not think of going to a hotel, Mr. Clifford."

Arthur Clifford expressed his thanks and was only too glad to accept the warm invitation to remain a little while. He had scarcely taken his eyes from Rose's face, except when he saw that his glance embarrassed her, and then he stole a look now and then to satisfy himself that she was flesh and blood and not some beautiful creation of his imagination which might vanish at any moment.

Danny was relating to his cousins the story of how Arthur Clifford had saved his life two years before and how ever since that thrilling rescue they had been chums and inseparable friends. Beth sat entranced under the spell of his graphic recital. This cousin was far handsomer than her knight of the air castle, and her maiden heart was stirred strangely.

When they went in to the luncheon that Mrs. Roland had prepared Danny paused for a moment with one hand on the back of his chair. "Aunt Celia," he said soberly, "this is a very different homecoming from the one I had planned when I went away. Do you remember my airy promises of automobiles and Paris gowns and a palace in New York, to say nothing of steam yachts and horses? Here I am, not a penny richer by my gold digging, bringing a fellow prospector home with me, one whose fortune has been the same as my own, and yet you welcome us as if we were returning home laden with Klondike spoils." He looked around at the three loving faces with tear dimmed eyes.

"But, Danny, dear," protested gentle Mrs. Roland, "you know we never cared about the money. We would rather have had you with us than all the gold in the world. Money isn't everything, my dears." She smiled on them as they gathered around the table, and she poured the tea while her eyes glistened with happiness.

The rose covered bungalow still stands behind the privet hedge. Mrs. Roland and her youngest daughter and her daughter's husband live there, for Beth is married to Danny.

Not far away is another little home, where Arthur Clifford and his wife, Rose, live an ideal existence among the roses. All about them spread the profitable vineyards and the sunny olive slopes. In their hearts is a great contentment that money cannot purchase.

"We came back practically poor men, yet we would not change places with the richest Klondike millionaire," Danny Roland said once, and Arthur Clifford emphasized his concurrence in this statement with a look at his beautiful wife.

BOOST!

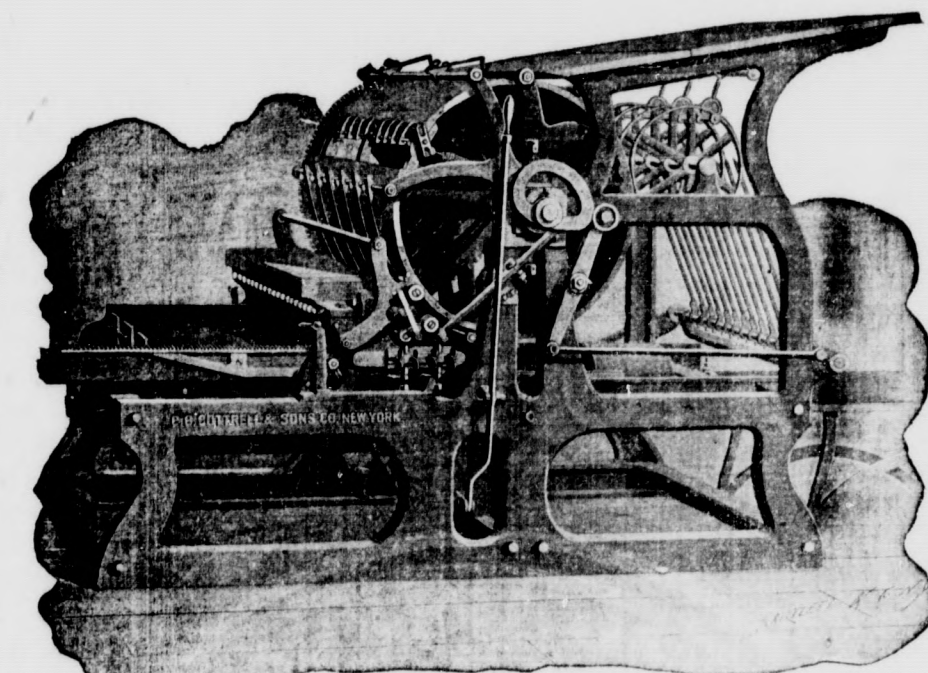


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7	5	3	1		2	4	6	8	10
a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	Miles	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.
8:10	5:35	10:00	8:10	0.0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00
8:25	5:50	10:15	8:25	2.5	Shops	7:45	2:45	4:30	5:15
8:40	6:05	10:30	8:40	5.0	Onondaga	7:55	2:55	4:40	5:25
8:55	6:20	10:45	8:55	7.5	Palmetto	8:05	3:05	4:50	5:35
9:10	6:35	11:00	9:10	10.0	DALY CITY	8:15	3:15	5:00	5:45
9:25	6:50	11:15	9:25	12.5	Thornton	8:25	3:25	5:10	5:55
9:40	7:05	11:30	9:40	15.0	Mussel Rock	8:35	3:35	5:20	6:05
9:55	7:20	11:45	9:55	17.5	Edgemare	8:45	3:45	5:30	6:15
10:10	7:35	12:00	10:10	20.0	SALADA	8:55	3:55	5:40	6:25
10:25	7:50	12:15	10:25	22.5	Brignton	9:05	4:05	5:50	6:35
10:40	8:05	12:30	10:40	25.0	Vallejo	9:15	4:15	6:00	6:45
10:55	8:20	12:45	10:55	27.5	Rockaway	9:25	4:25	6:10	6:55
11:10	8:35	13:00	11:10	30.0	TOBIN	9:35	4:35	6:20	7:05
11:25	8:50	13:15	11:25	32.5	Ransome	9:45	4:45	6:30	7:15
11:40	9:05	13:30	11:40	35.0	Green Canon	9:55	4:55	6:40	7:25
11:55	9:20	13:45	11:55	37.5	Monte a	10:05	5:05	6:50	7:35
12:10	9:35	14:00	12:10	40.0	PARALCIN	10:15	5:15	7:00	7:45
12:25	9:50	14:15	12:25	42.5	MOSS BEACH	10:25	5:25	7:10	7:55
12:40	10:05	14:30	12:40	45.0	Marine	10:35	5:35	7:20	8:05
12:55	10:20	14:45	12:55	47.5	North Granada	10:45	5:45	7:30	8:15
1:10	10:35	15:00	1:10	50.0	Granada	10:55	5:55	7:40	8:25
1:25	10:50	15:15	1:25	52.5	SOUTH GRANADA	11:05	6:05	7:50	8:35
1:40	11:05	15:30	1:40	55.0	Miramar	11:15	6:15	8:00	8:45
1:55	11:20	15:45	1:55	57.5	HALF MOON	11:25	6:25	8:10	8:55
2:10	11:35	16:00	2:10	60.0	Arlita	11:35	6:35	8:20	9:05
2:25	11:50	16:15	2:25	62.5	Fairhaven	11:45	6:45	8:30	9:15
2:40	12:05	16:30	2:40	65.0	Purissima	11:55	6:55	8:40	9:25
2:55	12:20	16:45	2:55	67.5	Sealrook	12:05	7:05	8:50	9:35
3:10	12:35	17:00	3:10	70.0	Lobitos	12:15	7:15	9:00	9:45
3:25	12:50	17:15	3:25	72.5	TUNITAS	12:25	7:25	9:10	9:55
3:40	1:05	17:30	3:40	75.0					
3:55	1:20	17:45	3:55	77.5					
4:10	1:35	18:00	4:10	80.0					

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Cookery Points

The Appetizing Cucumber.

For the housewife who is not familiar with the possibilities of cooking cucumbers a real culinary treat is in store. So different is the flavor of these much maligned vegetables when they are properly cooked from their davor when raw that they really afford an answer to the oft expressed wish for something new under the sun in the line of vegetables. One of the most delicious ways of transforming the raw fruit to a digestible and flavorful dish is in the form of timbales.

To make these timbales you will need cooked cucumber pulp, which may be procured by putting cucumbers which have been previously peeled and boiled through a meat chopper. Use a cupful of this pulp to one-half cupful of breadcrumbs and one-half cupful of thick cream sauce. Add a tablespoonful of lemon juice, the beaten yolks of two eggs and a little onion juice. When these ingredients have been well mixed fold in the beaten whites of the two eggs. Bake in timbale molds in hot water and serve hot.

The Art of Baking Cucumbers.

For an appetizing vegetable to serve with the meat course split good sized cucumbers lengthwise, leaving the skins on. Then scoop out the middle pulp, leaving a strong shell. Chop the pulp, add beaten eggs—one egg is enough for six cucumbers—a cupful of breadcrumbs and seasoning to taste. Fill the shells, rounding the filling off at the top, and bake in a moderate oven for three-quarters of an hour.

To make scalloped cucumbers peel and slice six cucumbers. Then arrange them in a buttered baking dish as if scalloping any other vegetable, first a layer of breadcrumbs and then a layer of cucumbers, and so on until the dish is filled. Between the layers flavor with grated onion and lemon, a little butter, paprika, celery salt, salt and pepper. Bake an hour.

For stuffed cucumbers peel and split as many good sized cucumbers as desired. Scrape out the pulp and fill with a mixture of chicken stock and crumbs flavored to taste. Bake in a baking dish in a half inch of chicken stock. They should be baked till tender and basted often with the stock on the bottom of the dish. The remaining stock when the cucumbers are done should be thickened with a teaspoonful of cornstarch and served as a gravy with the vegetables.

Two Tempting Hot Weather Entrees.

To make deviled cucumbers begin by peeling and slicing them as when preparing raw cucumbers. Place them in ice water for an hour and then drain them. Dip them in flour seasoned with salt, celery salt, pepper or any desired seasoning, and fry in butter and serve with the following sauce:

To a cup of stewed, strained tomatoes add one-half teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of sugar, grated lemon skin, the juice of half a lemon and a tablespoonful of olive oil. Cook this till well mixed and serve hot.

Cucumbers on toast are a delicious dish. The vegetables should be cut in half inch slices and stewed in water till tender, but not broken. Meanwhile boil a cupful of cream with a tablespoonful of butter, salt and pepper to taste. Drain the cucumbers, heat them in the cream sauce and serve on toast.

A Hot Sauce of Cucumbers.

To make cucumber ketchup take three large cucumbers, peel and grate them. Add a tablespoonful of salt and eleven teaspoonfuls of black pepper. Add a handful of horseradish, one large grated onion and a pint of strong vinegar. Bottle and cork loosely.

Orange Charlotte.

One-third box of gelatin, one-third cupful of cold water, one-third cupful of boiling water, a cup of sugar, juice of a lemon, a cup of orange juice and pulp, whites of three eggs. Soak the gelatin in cold water until soft, add the boiling water, sugar and lemon juice and a little of the grated rind. Cool in a pan of ice water and when it begins to harden beat in the stiffly beaten whites of the eggs. Serve with a custard made with the yolks of the egg, a pint of milk, three heaping tablespoonfuls of sugar and a little salt. Flavor to taste or you can cut it up in pieces and serve with whipped cream.

Green Peas.

Put the desired quantity of young peas in a stewpan with butter, allowing eight ounces to every quart of peas; a bunch of parsley, a few small onions and a little salt. Moisten with broth and cook slowly until tender. Now stir in the beaten yolks of two eggs and a teaspoonful of sugar, not allowing to boil after the eggs are added. Serve on a hot dish.

Mock Pineapple Salad.

Core and peel three nice large apples, slice them thin and against the grain of the fruit. Peel two fine large oranges and remove all outside white pulp, slice them rather thicker than the apple and also crosswise. Now place them in a glass dish in alternate layers

Asparagus and Pepper Salad.

Remove the seeds from green peppers. Cut rings one-fourth of an inch wide and slip through them asparagus stalks, canned or freshly cooked. Serve with cold French dressing.

For the Children

Master Bud Stillman at
His Favorite Pastime.



© 1913, by American Press Association.

Like most boys of his years, Master Bud Stillman is fond of exercising in the open air. Bud is the son of James Alexander Stillman, the New York financier, and consequently does not lack equipment for the games he prefers. Roller skating is a hobby of Bud's, and during the rather cool weather that has prevailed in New York this spring he has availed himself of the asphalt walks in Central park to practice various feats on wheels. The artist snapped him while he was coasting on one skate, not much of a feat, most boys and girls will say, but Bud is enjoying his outing and perhaps does not consider that he is doing anything wonderful. Exercise is good for young people, whether on skates or simply in shoe leather.

The Blushing Tree.

Among the many wonders of the vast Florida swamps there is nothing more surprising than the blushing tree. It actually blushes when the rain falls upon it. The mysterious and beautiful glow of color which it assumes in a rainstorm baffles description.

When the cool rain drenches a tree a changing of color is noted. Gradually, yet unmistakably, the green hue gives way to pink. In a few minutes the green fades from sight. Only in a few half hidden spots beneath lower branches and on its trunk is there a tinge of green to be seen. The tree is as pink as the cheek of a healthy girl.

After an hour or more, when the shower passes over, the wonderful tree assumes its familiar green once more. As it is changing back to emerald the spectator suddenly realizes the secret of the phenomenon. Certain tiny insects and not the tree itself change. These peculiar parasites are possessed of the power of chameleons.

Guarding King George.

Though the days have gone by when the monarch was protected during the hours of slumber by an attendant sleeping in a bed drawn across the door of his bedchamber, King George of England is by no means left unprotected during the night. Not only is the outside of the palace guarded by soldiers and detectives, but several night watchmen pace up and down the corridors through the hours of darkness. They are shod in thick felt slippers, so as not to wake the royal sleeper, and one of them is always near the king's room until his majesty is called by his valet in the morning.

Every door and window in the place is frequently examined, and it would be impossible for any intruder to get in without his presence being discovered in a few minutes.

Conundrums.

In what place did the cock crow when all the world could hear him? In Noah's ark.

What word is there in the English language from which you can subtract twelve and leave ten? Pretentiousness.

Why is the soul like a thing of no consequence? Because it is immaterial.

Why is ambition like a weather-cock? Because it's a vain thing to aspire.

Why is a young lady like a very bad batsman? Because she comes out at her first ball.

Why is a jailer like a musician? Because he fingers the keys.

When are a flower and a beefsteak alike? When rare.

Why the Turk Wears a Fez.

The Turk's devotion to the fez rests on a religious basis. If the namaz (form of prayer) is rightly performed the forehead must touch the ground. The brim of a hat or the peak of a cap would prevent this.

LIVING WAGE FOR GIRLS.

Social Worker's Experience in a Pennsylvania Factory.

According to Miss Jane Parker Deeter, the Philadelphia social worker, whose testimony to the effect that she had worked for six weeks as a mill girl created such a stir in the house of representatives at Harrisburg recently, it is utterly impossible for a girl earning \$5 a week to support herself comfortably.

"Only those who have seen the life of working girls from the inside, as I did," said Miss Deeter, "can have a complete knowledge of the deplorable conditions that exist among them. The life of a girl with no other means of support than a salary of \$5 a week is a constant nervous strain. She has a dread of tuberculosis. She knows that she must never be sick, that her pay ceases as soon as she absents herself from the mill. Underfed and overworked, she presents a most pitiable figure."

Miss Deeter, who is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, worked and lived among the girls employed in a stove mill in a town not far from Philadelphia. Doing piece work, her earnings approximated \$5 a week, and on this she supported herself without other aid for six weeks. At the conclusion of this period she had lost twenty pounds.

"I paid \$3.50 for board," continued Miss Deeter, "50 cents for room rent and allowed myself 50 cents for clothing. The remaining half dollar I used in buying extra food and for car fare to and from work. Frequently I walked to the mill, even on the most stormy days. The work was very hard, especially as I was unused to physical labor. Girls were employed to handle the rough lumber used in the mill. I did not know that women were ever assigned to such work until I did it myself. Men doing the same sort of work received \$1.25 a day or more. Often my fingers were bleeding at the tips at the close of the day. Many of the girls suffered in this way.

"These girls are constantly battling the curse of extreme poverty. Their duties at the mill are so hard that it is simply impossible for them to augment their incomes by working in the evening at some other occupation. Sunday they spend in bed to recuperate from the constant grind of the previous week. Recreation—they have none. Their lives are tragic."

THE UNIONIST'S NERVE.

The unionist who defends the trade union against the faddists' program of revolutionizing the union movement every twenty-four hours has nerve.

The unionist who performs service in the interest of humanity ever encounters the hordes of envy, but he has the nerve to stick.

Political anatomists claim to be able to cure every ill with which the body politic is afflicted in the sweet by and by, but the unionist has the nerve to battle with the bitter now and then.

The unions of our day are fighting for the perpetuity of civilization and its further development. It requires nerve and valor to make this fight.

Favors Increased Wages.

"It seems to me that your department would get better results for the general welfare and be doing simple justice to its laborers if 25 cents an hour were paid for work on the canals," wrote Governor Sulzer of New York in a letter to Duncan W. Peck, state superintendent of public works. Laborers now receive \$1.76 for an eight hour day.

Brotherhoods May Unite.

"I predict," said W. S. Carter, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, "that we shall soon see the day when all railroad employees shall unite in one strong organization. I remember the day when a member of one railroad men's organization would hardly walk in the same street with a member of another."

Rest For the Workers.

The F. A. Patrick factory, Duluth, has voluntarily granted to its employees a fifteen minute rest period every morning and afternoon.

TRADE UNION NOTES.

Wyoming labor unions have more than 12,000 members.

New York garment workers are sending \$4,500 weekly to aid the striking garment workers in Boston.

Convicts of America made 8,000,000 pairs of shoes last year, and they obtained an average of 42 cents a day for their work.

Women employed in candy factories throughout Greater Boston are organizing a union that will be affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

The state arbitration board in New Zealand has decided that the night shift must cease in bakeries where double wages are not paid for the same.

The label section of the San Francisco Labor council awards prizes to the trades unionists who exhibit the largest number of union labels on their wearing apparel.

Last year there were 21,506 women employed at general factory work in Detroit at an average daily wage of \$1.48. This is an increase of 15 cents per day over 1911.

TRADE DISEASES.

Compensate the Sick as Well as Accident Victims.

CASE OF POOR SCHROEDER.

Incapacitated in the Service of Uncle Sam, but Received Not a Penny. Lost on a Technicality—Senator Kern's Proposed Law.

JOHN B. ANDREWS in Survey.

If you were "laid up" and your wages stopped and you began to worry for your family, as your savings dwindled away, how much difference would it make to you whether the trouble came through an accident or an illness due to your work?

There was the case of Schroeder, who went to work for Uncle Sam in the Brooklyn navy yard. One of our big warships, the Ohio, came to the dock, and Schroeder was sent down into the water tight cofferdams to burn off the old coat of paint in preparation for a new. As a result of breathing the fumes of the lead paint Schroeder was incapacitated for work by acute lead poisoning. He lost thirty-seven days on this account, and he applied to the government for the payment of compensation equal to the wages he had lost.

But Schroeder got not one penny. It was not an "accident," but a "necessary incident" in his job. The law only covered accidents. Said the attorney for the government:

"It cannot be said that these fumes were inhaled by accident. The fumes were necessarily produced by the work he was engaged upon. The inhalation of such fumes was to have been expected and probably could not have been avoided. Lead poisoning under the circumstances was the natural if not the inevitable result."

A few months after the unfortunate Schroeder case a man named Hill was employed at placing floor plates in the engine room of the warship St. Louis in the Puget sound navy yard. Meantime lead and white lead paint were being applied to the bilges of the vessel. As a result of this exposure to lead fumes Hill contracted a disease of the eyes which incapacitated him.

But Hill's claim for lost wages was approved because he was the victim of an accident. Said the attorney for the government: "The injury to the claimant's eyes was neither reasonably to be expected nor the natural or inevitable consequence of the work he personally was engaged upon. The injury must therefore be ascribed to accident. The claimant's particular work had nothing to do with the painting operations going on about him. His work as a ship fitter related to the laying of plates in the boiler room. The painting was being done by others."

Suppose, however, instead of Hill, one of the painters had been poisoned and incapacitated by the fumes of lead paint. He would have had no valid claim, for it would have been a necessary incident of his job.

The federal government since 1908 and fifteen states during the past two years have recognized the wisdom and justice of the compensation principle in dealing with the victims of industrial accidents. Now comes the demand that the American people, through congress, adopt exactly the same principle in dealing with federal employees who are incapacitated for work by occupational diseases.

The present federal workmen's compensation act of May 30, 1908, is America's pioneer compensation law. It was a step forward, but only a step. It applies to only about one-third of our 350,000 civilian employees and is so deficient that its original sponsors now waste no words in its defense, but frankly apologize for its shortcomings. "Not a revision," says one in a position to know, "but a new law is needed."

The draft of a new law, prepared after months of careful investigation of experience of this and all other compensation acts and drafted with infinite care at the instigation of the Association For Labor Legislation, has been introduced in congress by Senator Kern. Surely the United States should now provide for its own government employees incapacitated by industrial accidents and occupational diseases a system of safety and sanitation coupled with compensation at least equivalent to that furnished by the progressive nations of the world.

Nor can the state legislature longer ignore the injustice of this arbitrary distinction between accidents and diseases due to the peculiar conditions of employment.

The arguments used so effectively by advocates of compensation for accidents and now so generally accepted by all men apply with even greater force in the consideration of relief for the victims of occupational diseases. No one will doubt, for example, that placing the financial cost of lead poisoning upon the lead industry will promote greater cleanliness in the lead trades. It will pay to clean up. A considerable part of the money now paid to employers' liability companies and to ambulance chasers could, under a just system of compensation, go where it belongs—to the injured workman or his family. Expensive, annoying and unsatisfactory litigation could be reduced to a minimum. Information concerning special danger points in industry would be automatically pointed out to the factory inspectors in a manner both prompt and sure. Unnecessary occupational diseases would be prevented, and that is the real problem.

Daly City Record

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

By J. L. BROWN

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DALY CITY, CALIFORNIA, MAY 30 1913

MUST NOT RELINQUISH RANSOME STREET

Last Monday evening Frank H. Gould, the attorney representing the Knowles interests, appeared before the city trustees and made a very smooth talk regarding the ownership of Ransome street, adjoining the Vista Grande school grounds, finally suggesting that Daly City should quit claim the contested right so that the controversy might be settled. The matter was referred to the city attorney.

On Wednesday the editor of the Record went to Redwood City to investigate the status of the situation, resulting in information that seems most valuable, to the effect that Daly City can and should at once throw open the street for use, so that it may conform to the State Highway construction.

District Attorney Swart stated that he had been furnished with an abstract of Ransome street by Professor W. J. Savage and was positive, after a very careful research in which he had secured many court decisions, that the street belongs to Daly City, notwithstanding the new filing of map. He further said that suit would be brought at once for the opening of the street and he earnestly hoped the trustees would act in harmony with him, as there was not the slightest doubt of Daly City's legal claim.

NASH GRANTED PERMAENT INJUNCTION.

The contention of County Clerk Nash, that the claims of County Treasurer Chamberlain and County Auditor Underhill for the storage of county funds in the First National Bank of San Francisco and for expenses for going to the city to count the money were illegal, was confirmed by Judge M. F. Dooling of Hollister, in his ruling handed down last Saturday in the San Mateo County Superior Court, in granting County Clerk Nash a permanent injunction against Treasurer Chamberlain and Auditor Underhill and restraining them from paying the claims.

In Mr. Nash's commendable fight against the "gang," the Index and Record were the only papers in the county to express an opinion and to offer their support in exposing the acts of certain officials and their friends.

Conditions in the county would be far different and better if the county press would only lend their aid and support to those who unselfishly take upon themselves the difficult task of bucking that certain class of politicians who seek office for personal gain only.

How is the public to know what is going on and how the taxpayer's interests are being looked after by those who the people elect to office, if the press is silent about matters which the public should be made aware of? The opportunity was theirs when Joe Nash threw down the gauntlet to those who would help themselves unlawfully out of the tax-payer's till.

For some reason or other they did not care or dare to come to his assistance, which so far as Mr. Nash could be concerned matters little to him, knowing that he was right he took up the fight single handed.

Mr. Nash is an able and efficient official and has proven himself a man of courage and nerve, who does not require a 2 by 3 scantling spicket to his back to strengthen his backbone; neither can his tenacity be questioned, when it comes to doing something he thinks should be done.

It was a foregone conclusion that if the case ever came to trial, the court would grant the permanent injunction prayed for, restraining the treasurer and auditor from paying the claims.

That Mr. Ross, the able and brilliant lawyer expected this, knowing as he surely did, that his clients had no legal claims against the county, no one will doubt who knows of his ability, otherwise he would not have been so anxious to have the matter hushed up to save his clients, and more particularly Mr. Behrens of the First National Bank of San Mateo County, who, it is alleged, is the boss of the "gang" and the direct cause of the illegal acts committed by the treasurer of the county, which repeatedly gave rise to grand jury investigations, and in one instance resulted in compelling Mr. Behrens' Bank to pay \$10,000 back interest for monies used and deposited illegally in his bank.

It was a clever move on his part to ask for a continuance; this would have given his clients an opportunity to withdraw their claims at the meeting of the Board of Supervisors, and thus have checkmated Mr. Nash. But "Joe" was alert and not willing to have one slipped over, forced the issue, insisting that action not be deferred, with the result that we now have the ruling of the Court as a matter of record, that the claims in question are illegal.

After the case had been decided by Judge Dooling, Geo. C. Ross arose and addressed the Court and asked to be allowed to make a statement as to what his ideas of the case was. The Court replied "No Sir, I do not care to hear from you. If people have an action in this Court and do not care to come in and make a defense in a proper way, you have nothing to say."

This suit has also accomplished that which several grand juries have striven for—the treasurer is moving into the court house and will occupy the apartments prepared for him several years ago at a cost to the tax-payers of over \$10,000 for the vault alone.

The enormous drain on the treasury of the San Mateo County Development Association was relieved at the expense of the eight county newspapers (not including the San Mateo Index and Daly City Record that refused the measly \$1 a month), but the faithful eight are still furnished with the "friller" dope. How about the recommendation of that expense curtailment committee, that a manager at \$165 a month was a useless frill?

The sweet spirit of the Dove of Peace pervaded the atmosphere at the court house last Monday. The treasurer decided to occupy the office provided for him and the supervisors by a unanimous vote re-elected Dr. Beattie as health officer.

IN THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE CITY OF DALY, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

ORDINANCE NO. 52

An Ordinance Calling and Providing For, and Giving Notice of a Special Election to be Held in the City of Daly City, State of California, on Saturday, June 21, 1913, For the Purpose of Submitting to the Qualified Voters of Said City, the proposition to Incur a Bonded Debt by Said City of Daly City, For the Purpose of Constructing a System of Waterworks for Said City.

WHEREAS, the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City, did, on the 19th day of May, 1913, by a vote of more than two-thirds of the members of said board, adopt a resolution determining that public interest and necessity demanded the construction of a system of waterworks for said city, and that the cost of the construction of said municipal improvement would be too great to be paid out of the ordinary annual income and revenue of said city, which resolution was duly approved by the President of the Board of Trustees of said city, as the Executive of said municipality.

NOW THEREFORE, the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City do ordain as follows:

Section 1. A special election is hereby called and ordered to be held in the City of Daly City, State of California, on

Saturday, June 21, 1913, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of said city the proposition to incur a bonded indebtedness by said city for the construction of a system of waterworks for said city. The estimated cost of the proposed public improvement is One Hundred Thousand Dollars, and the amount of the principal of the indebtedness to be incurred therefor is One Hundred Thousand Dollars. The rate of interest to be paid on said indebtedness will be not to exceed five and one-half percentum per annum, payable semi-annually.

Section 2. The special election hereby called and ordered to be held shall be held and conducted, and the votes thereat received and canvassed, and the returns thereof made, and the result thereof ascertained, determined and declared as herein provided and according to the laws of the State of California, providing for and governing elections in the City of Daly City, and the polls for such election shall be and remain open during the time required by said laws.

The ballots to be used at said special election shall be such as may be required by law to be used thereat, and, in addition to any other matter required by law to be printed thereon, shall appear the following:

Municipal Ticket

To vote for the proposition, and thereby authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the amount of, and for the purpose stated in such proposition, stamp a cross (X) in the blank space to the right of the word "YES".

To vote against the proposition, and thereby refuse to authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the amount of, and for the purpose stated in such proposition, stamp a cross (X) in the blank space to the right of the word "NO."

Also said ballot shall have printed thereon, the following:

Proposition to incur a bonded debt by the City of Daly City to the amount of \$100,000, for the purpose of constructing a system of waterworks for said city, such debt to bear interest at the rate of not to exceed five and one-half percentum per annum, payable semi-annually.

Sample ballots containing the above matter required to be printed thereon, shall be supplied to the electors of said city by the city clerk, but a failure on the part of any elector to receive such sample ballot, shall not be held to invalidate the election or affect in any manner the legality of any bonds that may be authorized thereat.

Section 3. Any qualified elector of the City of Daly City may vote at said

special election for or against the proposition herewith submitted. To vote in favor of, and authorize the incurring of a bonded debt for the purpose set forth in the proposition herein stated, he or she shall stamp a cross (X) in the square to the right of the word "YES" printed opposite to such proposition, and to vote against and refuse to authorize the incurring of a bonded debt for the purpose set forth in the proposition herein stated, he or she shall stamp a cross (X) in the square to the right of the word "NO" printed opposite such proposition.

Each cross (X) stamped in the square to the right of the word "YES" shall be counted as a vote in favor of, and to authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the purpose set forth in the proposition opposite to which such cross (X) is stamped; and each cross (X) stamped in the square to the right of the word "NO" shall be counted as a vote not in favor of, and a refusal to authorize the incurring of a bonded indebtedness for the purpose set forth in the proposition opposite to which such cross (X) is stamped.

Section 4. There shall be three election precincts within said city for the purpose of holding said special election, which shall be, and are hereby designated "Election Precinct No. 1," "Election Precinct No. 2" and "Election Precinct No. 3" respectively. "Election Precinct No. 1" shall consist of all that portion of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the Western boundary line of Daly City with a line produced by the center line of Vista Avenue, running thence Easterly along the center line of said Vista Avenue to the center line of San Bruno Avenue; thence Northerly along the center line of said San Bruno Avenue to the center line of Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road); thence Northeasterly along the center line of said Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road) to the center line of Wellington Street; thence Northeasterly along the center line of said Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road) to the Northerly boundary of Daly City; thence Westerly along the Northerly boundary line of Daly City to the Western boundary line of said city; thence Southerly along the Western boundary line of Daly City to the point of commencement.

The officers to conduct said special election in said "Election Precinct No. 1" are as follows:

Inspector—Lulu M. Smith
Judge—Gertrude J. Ross
Clerks (2) Jas. J. Poket and Julius Nelson.

The polling place for said "Election Precinct No. 1" to be used in special election shall be N. W. corner Mission Road and Hillcrest Drive.

"Election Precinct No. 2" shall consist of all that portion of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the Western boundary line of Daly City with a line produced by the center line of Vista Avenue, running thence Easterly along the center line of said Vista Avenue to the center line of San Bruno Avenue; thence Southerly along the center line of San Bruno Avenue to the center line of Alpha Avenue; thence Easterly along the center line of Alpha Avenue and continuing in a direct line Easterly with a line produced by the center line of Alpha Avenue to the Southeastern boundary line of Daly City; thence running Southerly along the said boundary line to the Southern boundary of said city; thence Westerly along the Southerly boundary line of said city at their Street to the center line of Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road); thence Northerly along the center line of said Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road) to the Southerly boundary line of said city at Orange Avenue; thence Westerly along said Southerly boundary line to the Western boundary of said city; thence Northerly along the Western boundary line of said city to the point of commencement.

The officers to conduct said special election in said "Election Precinct No. 2" are hereby appointed and designated as follows:

Inspector—Mrs. Julia Obrien

Judge—Mrs. Addie Flood
Clerks (2)—S. P. Allen, and John Kester.

The polling place for said "Election Precinct No. 2" for said special election shall be 716 Mission Road.

"Election Precinct No. 3" shall consist of all that portion of Daly City particularly bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the center line of Vista Avenue with the center line of San Bruno Avenue, running thence Southerly along the center line of San Bruno Avenue to the center line of Alpha Avenue; thence Easterly along the center line of Alpha Avenue continuing in a direct line produced by the center line of said Alpha Avenue to the Southeastern boundary line of Daly City; thence running Northeasterly along the Southeastern boundary line of said city to the Northern boundary of said city; thence in a direct line Westerly along the Northerly boundary line of said city to the center line of Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road); thence Southwesterly along the center line of Mission Street (otherwise known as the Mission Road) to the center line of San Bruno Avenue; thence Southerly along the center line of San Bruno Avenue to the point of commencement.

The officers to conduct said special election in said "Election Precinct No. 3" are hereby appointed and designated as follows:

Inspector—Gertrude Adeline Hintz
Judge—Lillian Landini
Clerks (2)—H. Bloomington and Henry Harler, Sr.

The polling place for said "Election Precinct No. 3" for said special election shall be 401 Crocker Boulevard.

The City Clerk is hereby directed to procure all supplies that may be necessary to properly and lawfully conduct said special election.

When the polls are closed the officers of election shall count the ballots cast at such election, and canvass the votes cast respectively for and against the proposition herein stated and make return thereof to the Board of City Trustees in time, form and manner required for the counting, canvassing and returning of votes cast at other municipal elections held in said City of Daly City.

Section 5. If, at such special election, it shall appear that two-thirds of all the votes cast thereat, were in favor of and authorizing the incurring of a bonded debt for the purpose set forth in the proposition, then such proposition shall be deemed to have been accepted by the electors and bonds will be issued to defray the cost of the improvement therein specified and to the amount stated therein. Such bonds shall be of the form and character known as "serials" at least one-fortieth part of the principal sum of said indebtedness will be paid each and every year until all of said bonds shall be paid.

Section 6. This ordinance shall be published once a week for two weeks prior to said day of election in the "Daly City Record," a newspaper of general circulation, printed and published less than six days a week in said city, and this ordinance and such publication shall constitute the notice of said election.

Section 7. This ordinance shall take effect immediately.

I, George N. Smith, Clerk of the City of Daly City, do hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was introduced at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said city, held on the 19th day of May, 1913, and was finally passed by more than a two-thirds vote of said Board of Trustees at a regular meeting of said Board held on the 26th day of May, 1913, and that the vote on the passage of said ordinance was as follows:

Ayes: Trustees Biebel, Freyer, Green, Landini and Ross.

Noes: Trustees, none.

Absent: Trustees, none.

Dated, Daly City, Cal., May 26, 1913.

GEORGE N. SMITH,

Clerk of the City of Daly City.

[SEAL]

I, the undersigned, hereby approve the foregoing Ordinance this 26th day of May, 1913.

B. C. Ross,
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City, and executive of said municipality.

ANGELO SELMI
THE
LEADING
GROCER
Fruit & Vegetable
Dealer

Goods Delivered Everywhere and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

DALY CITY CALIFORNIA

JOHN HENNESSY
DEALER IN

COAL

AND
FEED

253 Sickle Ave. Phone Mission 8100

Ocean View, S. F.

ELLIS C. JOHNSON
Justice of the Peace
Notary Public

Deeds, Contracts, etc., correctly drawn up.
Agent Aetna Fire Insurance Company
Phone Mission 6606
612 Mission Road Daly City

Dr. G. L. Marion
Physician and Surgeon

139 Santa Ana Ave.
Daly City, - - California

COUNTY CORRESPONDENTS WANTED

THE BOULEVARD

Mission Road & School St.

Case Goods A Specialty

GAS KITCHEN CALE COAKLEY, Prop

White is King



The very BEST all-round Family Sewing Machine that can be produced. Made in ROTARY and VIBRATOR styles.

The rotary makes both Lock and Chain stitch. The very latest up-to-the-minute steel attachments with each machine. Sold on easy payments. Send name any address for our beautiful, H. T. Catalogue Free.

HITE SEWING MACHINE CO.
1460 Market St.,
S A N FRANCISCO

50 50 CENTS 50
WILL SECURE
THE DALY CITY RECORD
TO JANUARY 1, 1914, TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS

LOCAL PAGE

Advertisements

Mrs. E. Goodspeed gave birth to a fine baby girl last week.

Mrs. Madge Spaulding of Petaluma visited Mrs. J. M. Pitts last week.

Harold Hicks, nephew of Mrs. H. F. Howard, has a badly sprained instep.

Mrs. S. M. Wheatland has returned from a three weeks' visit in Los Angeles.

Peter Keller and family attended the bakers picnic at Luchven garden Sunday.

Mrs. Peter Keller entertained the Woman's Club last Thursday, serving a delicious lunch.

Misses Marie and Minnie Cather, of San Francisco, visited Miss Grace Collins Sunday.

Mrs. Blake, of the High First Grade of the Vista Grande school, visited the park Tuesday with her class.

George Archer has sold his property on Alpha avenue and expects to return to his old home in the East.

A. Meeth, M. Kickbush and son, Arnold, of San Francisco, spent Monday with the family of M. Meeth.

Donald McKenzie of Texas, was a guest last Sunday of old friends, Mrs. and J. M. Pitts and Miss Elizabeth.

Miss Jones' First Grade class of the Vista Grande school, gave a picnic to her class Tuesday, serving ice cream and cake.

Last Friday a stone cutter employed by the Tosi & Co. marble works near Home of Peace cemetery had one of his feet badly mashed.

The owner of the umbrella that was left at the Record office recently better call for it, lest we forget that it is not a part of our editorial belongings.

Mrs. Dawson and daughter, Fanny, of Los Angeles, while enroute to Denver, Col., stopped at Daly City and called on Mrs. H. F. Howard Thursday.

Dr. F. Bush's dental office is No. 420 Mission Road. Office hours 10.30 to 5.30 p. m. except Wednesdays. Evenings by appointment. Sundays 10 to 12.

A pleasant birthday party was given Tuesday to little Edna Male in celebration of her fourth birthday at the home of her parents, who reside on Winter street.

W. G. Sawin, of Lomita Park, is out with cards announcing his candidacy for the Assessorship of San Mateo county, subject to the decision of the voters in November, 1914.

Will Ottoboni, the delivery wagon driver for Casey's Market, was thrown from his new motorcycle Sunday, sustaining a sprained ankle which will disable him for a few days.

Chas. P. Lambert, the monumental worker, is an expert at his profession and makes a specialty of letter-cutting on monuments in cemeteries—gilded if desired. Shop and residence near Mt. Olivet and the Italian cemeteries.

FOWZER, the artist photographer, at 3126 Sixteenth street, near Valencia, is the best place in San Francisco to get first-class photography, any kind, any size, any price, any time. Also backgrounds for photo galleries, show windows, etc.

A very pleasant surprise party was given to Mrs. Edward Freyer last Friday by a few of her friends, including Mrs. Fritz Hansen, Mrs. Ben Hansen, Mrs. E. Forsell, Mrs. Gust Johnson, Mrs. Campbell and others whose names we did not get.

Albert Hendrickson, the ten-year old boy residing at 525 Winter street, who had his foot crushed by an S. P. freight train while switching at Daly City station last Saturday, was taken to St. Luke's Hospital, where it was found necessary to amputate two of his toes.

CHARLES P. LAMBERT, the monumental worker, whose shop is on F street, near the entrance of Mount Olivet, is turning out some nice work and those in need of his service will do well to give him a call. He has a new Lucido marble that will not take dampness and is therefore everlasting.

Little Pauline Johnson was given a party at her home, 130 Irvington street, last Friday in honor of her 7th birthday, at which the following invited guests were present: Mrs. and C. F. Quirly, Mrs. and J. M. Pitts, Rev. and Mrs. F. C. Boren of Oakland, Mrs. and C. A. Johnson, Rev. C. L. Duncan, Herbert and Paul Boven and Misses Elizabeth Pitts, Alice Mathias, Pauline Johnson.

Mrs. Bridget E. Dunn, an old resident of Colma, and very highly respected, died suddenly of paralysis last Monday, May 26, aged 66 years, 2 months and 25 days, a native of Ireland. The deceased was the mother of Edward P. and Josephine Dunn, Mrs. Annie Clark and Mrs. Chas. Suenderman. The funeral took place Wednesday and a requiem high mass was celebrated for the repose of her soul at St. Ann's church, after which the remains were laid to rest in Holy Cross.

Tell us that Local News or Society Item.

THE TRUSTEES OF DALY CITY

The first business of the Board of Trustees Monday evening was the passing of the Water Bonding Ordinance, that is published elsewhere in this issue, by a unanimous vote.

The much agitated sewer question was settled by the permit being granted to Emanuel J. Perry, the work to be completed in 4 months.

Temporary blasting permit granted to United Railroads for two weeks.

The matter of cross streets in Mission tract was discussed and referred to the road committee. A communication from the Civic Betterment League on the matter was read and City Attorney J. H. Morris gave opinion on condemnation of these streets.

Freyer reported visit to Redwood City regarding 3-foot slip on each side of Mission street, that the supervisors were helpless to assist.

Otto J. Myer applied for renewal of license.

Frank H. Gould, representing Ocean View Land and Improvement Co. wished Ransome street deeded to his clients. Referred to city attorney. (See comment thereon in this issue—Ed.)

A petition was read and filed asking the appointment of J. J. Sullivan as recorder.

City Engineer was instructed to prepare plans and specifications for gutters and curbing along Mission street.

An ordinance fixing water rates was passed its first reading. Attorney Morris reported that data was being prepared for purpose of placing the Hillcrest water question in the hands of R. R. Commission.

Frankie Knowles again bobbed up in an effort to get the Bauer saloon license transferred to Gioni. He was represented by Frank H. Gould, who did well, considering the flimsy grounds upon which he stood, but the trustees turned down the application by a unanimous roll call vote. Frankie was so mad he bit himself, went out the door Mutt fashion, lighting on his head and spinning around like a top, swearing eternal vengeance against the water bonding proposition.

By motion of Biebel, seconded by Landini, Judge Ellis C. Johnson was appointed city recorder by a unanimous vote. After allowing of claims the board adjourned.

Little Girl Died From Hydrophobia

Two weeks ago these columns contained an account of a dog that afterwards died of Colma of hydrophobia, having bitten little Jane Baker, the 4-year old daughter of C. B. Baker, of St. Paul, Minn., who with his family are spending the summer at Moss Beach.

The child was taken to a San Francisco hospital where she received every care and the best medical skill, but the physicians were baffled and the child died last Monday, May 26.

The Daly City Post Office Name Changed

The welcome information has at last come from Washington that the citizens of Daly City have succeeded in having the name of their post office changed from "Vista Grande" to "Daly City", an achievement that has been sought in repeated efforts since Daly City was incorporated over two years ago.

With this change also comes the information that Mrs. Hazel C. Russell has received her appointment as postmistress, and she took charge May 20.

Mrs. E. L. Lang who resigned, did so much to the regret of the patrons of the office, for she was exceptionally efficient in her duties and gave perfect satisfaction in every way. But it seems we are most fortunate in Mrs. Lang's successor, for Mrs. Russell is in every way agreeable and bids fair to make an excellent official.

The Record has always maintained that it is the duty of people living out here to patronize our business houses for the reason that their success means the general betterment of the community, a thing that all loyal citizens are interested in. If an entertainment of any nature is being arranged, our business people are the first ones to be solicited for assistance and it is often a fact that the solicitors never patronize their home business, but go to the city and trade with people who would actually laugh at them if they were asked to buy a ticket or give two bits to a charitable entertainment out here. It is not quite consistent either, for people who get up dances or entertainments, to have their printing done in the city and expect the people to patronize their grafts, when the local newspaper, the most potent factor in any community for its upbuilding, is completely ignored, save in some cases, the solicitation of the editor to buy a rat-printed ticket and a request to give the affair a big free write-up.

Lost "Take" of a Pioneer Printer,

A loyal friend, true and honest, is a fitting tribute to the sacred memory of the late William Henry Meacham, who died last Friday morning, May 23, 1913, at his home, 612 Prospect Row, aged 62 years, 1 month and 25 days.

He had worked Thursday and in the evening said he was feeling first rate, played with his little grandchild, Virginia Collins, and retired in good spirit. During the night he was taken with a pain in his stomach and the family were aroused; the trouble seemed to subside and they all retired at 4.20 a. m. At 6 o'clock Mrs. Meacham went to his room and called him, but no response came and she thought he was fooling her, even after she put her hand on his head which was still warm. Finally she saw his eyes and at once realized that he was no more. Dr. Morrison was called and responded promptly, but to no avail. At the inquest it was found through the autopsy that he died of acute dilatation of the heart.

Wm H. Lee, of Santa Rosa, a brother-in-law of Mrs. Meacham, was notified by wire and arrived about noon. By Mr. Lee's advice it was arranged to take the remains to Santa Rosa, where the funeral took place Sunday.

The "Press-Democrat" and "Republican" of Santa Rosa each contained quite elaborate accounts of the death and funeral, from which we quote the following excerpts:

"The remains of W. H. Meacham, a former resident of Santa Rosa, were tenderly laid to rest in the family plot in Rural cemetery on Sunday afternoon, the remains having been brought from San Mateo on the evening train Saturday."

"The deceased had been engaged in newspaper work here for years, and after leaving here edited the Galt Gazette and was with other papers of this State. He was employed in the office of the San Mateo Index at the time of his death."

"There was a large attendance of the relatives and friends of the deceased, including a number from San Mateo, where he has resided of late years. There was a profusion of floral offerings, showing the respect in which he was held by many friends. The pall bearers were Editor J. L. Brown, of the San Mateo Index; Frank Woods, James Wood, C. C. Grove, Thomas J. Butts and Charles E. Lee."

"Surviving the deceased are a widow, who was formerly Miss Katie Casto, two daughters, Mrs. Laura Collins and Miss Jaquette Meacham, and granddaughter, Miss Virginia Collins, all of San Mateo. A sister and two brothers, Mrs. Cameron, of Meacham Station, George Meacham of Sparks, Nevada, and David Meacham of the old home place, who survive the deceased. Mr. Meacham was born in San Francisco April 18, 1851, and is believed to have been the first white child born in that city. He was a school mate of Attorney Thomas J. Butts, C. C. Grove and a number of others who still reside in this section. The deceased was the son of the late Alonzo Meacham, one of the earliest pioneers of Sonoma county and the first postmaster of the original Santa Rosa, known then as Franklin."

San Bruno Bargains

\$3,500—new 5-room house with three lots—plenty of berries and fruit.

\$1,350—4-room cottage near Tanforan, with two lots, \$12.50 per month, San Bruno.

\$800—2 rooms, lots 45x100, Reis Tract, \$8 a month.

\$800—3 rooms, lot 25x100, Reis Tract, \$8 a month.

\$135 per acre—Hog tight fence and your own well free. Alfalfa, orange, fruit and berry land, 22 miles from Sacramento. Five years credit, no interest or taxes. Write for particulars to J. M. Custer, San Bruno, Cal.

TO LET

New 7-room, bath, toilet, running water. 4 rooms, gas electricity and water, \$15 a month.

J. M. CUSTER.

ASSESSOR'S INSTRUCTIONS

To Owners of Real Estate and Personal Property.

The law requires each and every person who owns any class of property to annually, during the months of March, April or May, file a statement with the Assessor or his deputy in the county where his property is located. You should give a statement of all property owned by you on the first Monday in March at 12 o'clock m.

No change can be made by the Assessor after he turns over his books to the Board of Supervisors on the first Monday in July. The Board then sits as a Board of Equalization during the month of July. Remember, if you fail to give in your assessment you fail to comply with the law and may cause yourself, the Assessor and Tax Collector much trouble, and very likely cause yourself expense. It is much more satisfactory to the Assessor, as well as to yourself, to have your assessment correct when you go to pay your taxes.

C. D. HAYWARD, Assessor of San Mateo County.

Pure Food Exposition

The San Mateo Burlingame Pure Food Exposition promises to excel anything of its kind ever undertaken in this community, and Mr. Wall Secretary of the Merchants Association, who has been working among the manufacturers of San Francisco, for the past month, securing exhibitors, informs us that he has met with wonderful success, and some thirty manufacturers have contracted to place very attractive displays, and that the business men of San Mateo and Burlingame have given him the very best of support, and they will be well represented among the exhibitors.

Being unable to secure any building in San Mateo or Burlingame large enough to accommodate the Exposition, it became necessary to ask permission of the Trustees of San Mateo to allow Second avenue to be closed, and a tent sixty feet wide and two hundred feet long has been provided, which will be erected on Second avenue, at the A St., and extending in the direction of the Library.

Both women's clubs of Burlingame and San Mateo, have consented to take part in the exposition, and several novel contests are to be arranged. The Women's Club of San Mateo have decided to hold their annual flower show during the exposition week, and have arranged to use the building formerly occupied by John Sufrin dry goods store, and the flower show will be opened with an automobile parade, in which the little folks of the San Mateo Grammar School have been asked to take part, and repeat that creditable parade of a few days ago.

Miss Voorhees, the well known lecturer on domestic science has been engaged to equip a model kitchen, and give lectures each afternoon. Cooking contests will be arranged, and a large list of prizes awarded. A new feature of these lectures will consist in the demonstration of cutting fresh meats, and the cheaper cuts of meats will be explained. These lectures have been given in most of the larger cities of the state, and are said to be highly instructive to any housewife. The Women's Clubs of San Mateo and Burlingame will have charge of this school, and the judges of all these contests will be selected by them.

One day during the Exposition will be set apart as a benefit for the Red Cross Hospital and a splendid program of entertainment will be arranged.

A band of music will be engaged every evening, during the exposition, and an open air dance will be held each evening and the novelty of dancing on the asphalt will be a great attraction. These dances will be under the direction of the Boosters and everybody is assured a good time.

A NEW CREATION WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE MERRIAM WEBSTER The Only New unabridged dictionary in many years. Contains the pith and essence of an authoritative library. Covers every field of knowledge. An Encyclopedia in a single book. The Only Dictionary with the New Divided Page. 400,000 Words. 2700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations. Cost nearly half a million dollars. Let us tell you about this most remarkable single volume.



Colma Pioneer Merchandise Store M. & S. BELL & CO. Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Hats. Wines and Liquors, Hay, Grain, Feed, General Merchandise. Importers of Pure Italian Olive Oil. Branch at Hillcrest. Public Tel. Station. COLM

VISTA GRANDE POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M. Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. Mail arrives at 7 A. M. and 7 P. M.

E. L. Lang, Postmaster

DALY CITY MATERNITY HOME AND HOSPITAL

320 PARK AVE.

MRS. A. CONNELLY Matron and Midwife

Will attend at patient's home, or will receive same at Maternity Home. Fee Reasonable



Grandview Theatre Pictures

During the coming week, beginning tomorrow evening, there will be special attractions at this theatre that is so rapidly increasing in popularity that crowded houses greet the plays most every evening.

Saturday the program will be fine, including a 2-reel picture entitled "Cow Boy Millionaire," by Broncho Billy.

Sunday, a 2-reel picture, entitled "The Wives of Jamestown."

Next Thursday, June 5, there will be a fine picture entitled "Oil and Water," giving classical Greek dances, and is said to be the finest picture produced this season.

Tell Us THE NEWS



Vista Grande Grocery & Bakery

A. VOGLER

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS

Good Meat

Such as Is Sold By the

Pacific Meat Company

First Township

Only United States Government Inspected Meats

JIM CASEY

The Daly City Cafe

GEORGE PAPPAS, Prop.

Strictly First-class and Respectable

Corner Mission Road and Hillcrest Drive

The Mission Road House

BILLY RAVEN, Proprietor

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars Pool Table

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Judge Superior Court... Geo. H. Buck
District Attorney... Franklin Swart
Sheriff... Joseph H. Mansfield
County Clerk... Joseph H. Nash
Treasurer... P. P. Chamberlain
Auditor... H. Underhill
Recorder... J. O. Heiner
Tax Collector... A. McSweeney
Assessor... C. D. Hayward
Supt. of Schools... Roy W. Cloud
Surveyor... Jas. V. Neuman
Coroner and Pub. Admr... H. G. Plymire
Health Officer... W. G. Beattie

SUPERVISORS

James T. Casey... First Township
Wm. H. Brown... Second Township
J. MacBain... Third Township
Jos. M. Francis... Fourth Township
D. E. Blackburn... Fifth Township

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Ellis C. Johnson... Daly City
John F. Davis... San Bruno

GONSTABLES

J. H. Parker... Daly City
J. C. Wallace... South San Francisco

DALY CITY OFFICIALS

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Burton C. Ross, President
Edward Freyer
A. J. Green
Charles L. Biebel
C. A. Landini

City Attorney, Vincent Surr
Recorder, Miss C. A. Jess
Treasurer, T. Sheehan
Clerk, George L. Smith
Marshal, Eugene J. Lucey
Poundmaster, J. J. Sullivan

PLAY GARMENTS.

Sensible Hat and
Frock For Child.

CHILD'S GINGHAM DRESS.

The play frock illustrated here is a substantial affair of plaid gingham with buttons down the front under a wide leather belt. The deep collar and shield of embroidery simulate a boy's sailor collar. The hat with its neat band and bow shades the face very sensibly.

Hats of all descriptions, from the simple sailor to the fancy straws trimmed with flowers and feathers, are being shown for little folks. The most desirable are the tailored hats, like the one shown here, trimmed with a small bow of choux or ribbon. For very young children many of the hats are faced in lace, chiffon or soft silk, which is considered very becoming.

Oil the Machine.

Sewing machines should be treated with great care if you would have them last a long while and do perfect work. After every two days of steady work oil the machinery thoroughly, but be careful to wipe away all superfluous oil. Run the machine rapidly but steadily without any thread for five minutes after oiling. This will cause the oil to scatter, and the superfluous drops can be wiped away, and none will be left to stain the material you are working with.

Dolly Varden Dress.

The new flowered crape gives a quaint suggestion of other days which accords well with fichus, reticules and picture hats with long streamers, as fashion requires. This Dolly Varden gown of flowered crape is draped over flounces of shadow lace.

Sleeves in the cotton frocks are seldom full length. In many of the more



FLOWERED CRAPE GOWN.

dressy ones they stop just above the elbow. Necks are almost universally open, a summer fashion which deserves to be perpetuated. Some of the long sleeves have fullness, which is brought into a cuff, but this fullness does not form a deep pouch. Other sleeves have rather a wide mouth, something like a child's short sleeve.

Up to Date Clothes.

A moderately priced or even cheap material fashioned cleverly in the latest style is infinitely preferable to something expensive with a passe air about it. Indeed, it takes an artist at the trade to live up to the requirements of the fabulously high priced materials in vogue.

FOR YOUNG GIRLS.

Long Coats With
Curved Belt Lines.

GIRL'S COAT.

The curved belt worn with this long coat gives it very trim lines. The white of the belt is smartly matched by the collar and cuffs of white ratine. From underneath the young girl's short skirt peep very modish buttoned oxfords worn with black silk stockings.

Blouses of all kinds, cutaways and straight cut Chinese coats are all used for wash suits. The regulation blouse with the fullness drawn into the waist and the blouse with the belt placed several inches below the normal waist line with the fullness drawn in or with the fullness hanging over the belt are the favorites.

NEW HAND BAGS.

They Are Long and Narrow and May Be Handsomely Ornamented.

The vogue of the large hand bag hung from the shoulder or arm by thick cords and tassels seems to be over. This bag has been a favorite for many seasons. Gradually from quite small dimensions it grew to enormous proportions till women not only carried in its recesses all the vanity fittings, keys, money and handkerchief, but various articles of jewelry as well.

The latest bag goes to the other extreme in size. Made long and not very deep, it is shaped like a man's pocketbook, with an envelope flap forming the fastening on one side, while on the other there is a narrow strap fixed so that the bag may be carried on the hand. These bags, made of polished leather or moire, are lined with soft white kid or satin in some delicate coloring, and they are quite flat.

Some of the more expensive varieties of the flat bag are outlined in flexible gold and caught down with jeweled clasps, but the more ordinary makes have a simple fastening in plain gilt.

A Novel Hat Rack.

The girl with several hats to stow away in her bedroom finds the problem of where to dispose of them a difficult one to solve. Two or three hats put away in a box together are not improved by the contact of one with the other. Moreover, the ordinary hatbox is not beautiful to look at. Here is an idea for a nest of hat boxes that is really pretty:

Procure three large square bandboxes with lids and cover all as neatly as possible with flowered chintz, lining the insides with linen or holland. Next get your carpenter to run up a three tier stand of white wood (on the principle of the wicker cake stands that are used for afternoon tea) on which to place the boxes. The stand, which consists of four posts and three or four shelves each large enough to hold a hat box, should be enameled white, and the effect of the chintz covered boxes on it is a very pretty one.

Pressing a Suit.

To press a suit lay the article smoothly on the ironing board. Place over it a piece of goods that has no lint or fuzz on it. Lay this on dry. Have a basin of water. Use a sponge or soft brush with a handle, dip in water and rub over the cloth. Now iron. If upon lifting the cloth you find any shine put cloth on again wet and iron again, taking off the cloth this time before it is dry, and there will be no shine.

Pressing too dry will leave the shine, so be sure to take off the cloth while still damp. Never press wool goods of any kind on the right side without the damp cloth.

Collar and Cuff Sets.

Adjustable collar and cuffs, printed in colors on crepon and heavy linen, are smart accessories to dresses of plain color. Carrying an air of chic is a set of coarse gray linen, bordered with gay little flower bouquets.

A CONFESSION

Story of a Reckless
Young Man

By F. A. MITCHEL

I was born all wrong for what was expected of me. My father founded a business which grew to be very profitable and produced a large fortune. I being my father's only son—indeed, his only child—his chief rejoicing at my birth was that one day I would succeed him in his business, for, though he had not then reaped much benefit from it, he saw great possibilities ahead. But he was doomed to be disappointed in me. As a boy I developed a taste for roving, for danger, for anything, in short, incompatible with a humdrum life.

At nineteen I was in jail under sentence of death for participation in a Central American revolution. My father came and bought my life with money. He took me home, telling me that I was a fool, but he hoped I would grow wiser with age. But there is an old adage, "Bray a fool in a mortar and he is still a fool." One year later, while climbing a mountain in Switzerland, I was carried down into the valley by an avalanche and was the only one of the party to come out alive.

One would suppose that this second escape would have cured me of incurring great risks. But, no. The day I came of age I fought a duel with a French army officer in Algiers and was wounded nigh unto death.

At this time my grandfather on my father's side was living, a hale and hearty man of seventy-five. My father, being taken suddenly ill and not having time before his death to lay any plan for his estate, left all he possessed to his father. What instructions went with the will I did not know, but later my grandfather informed me that if I settled down before his death he was to leave the property to me.

Unfortunately for me, my predisposition for getting myself killed was not sufficiently affected by this situation to induce me to go home and live an ordinary life. Finding myself in Rome when the Italians were sending troops



"I WAS TRANSFIXED WITH ASTONISHMENT"

to north Africa to fight the Mohammedans, I enlisted in an infantry regiment and was shot down by an un-Christian dog and lay in a hospital three months. When I recovered I went to Paris, where I received a letter announcing that my grandfather had died and had been married only a few hours before his death, leaving my estate to his wife.

Being still young, without common sense and by no means cured of my absurd predisposition, I was not very sorry that I should no longer be restrained from incurring dangers, especially since my new grandmother had been instructed by the will to send me a hundred dollars a month on which to live till I should get killed. The only inducement for dissatisfaction was the belief that some woman who had nursed the old gentleman had prevailed upon him to leave the property to her. This, I confess, made me feel a bit ugly. The widow wrote me that if I would come home and settle down she would double my allowance.

I was not minded either to settle down or to be beholden to the woman who had robbed me of my inheritance and wrote her to that effect. I received no reply to my letter and from that time considered the matter dropped. My fortune had passed into other hands than mine, and I considered it irretrievably lost. But it was not long—by this time having passed out of the unthinking age—before I began to realize that I had been the fool my father had called me. It was now too late to mend matters, but I was losing my taste for danger, and another taste which it had dominated began to show itself. This was a taste for art. I went to Florence, Italy, and became infatuated with the treasures in painting and sculpture to be found there.

Tourists, especially Americans, occasionally came to my studio, and one of them, a very pretty girl, Miss Alice Beale, seemed not only pleased with my work, but with me. I had lived

such a wild life that the fair sex had not had much charm for me, and ladies especially seemed altogether too formal for my bohemian tastes. If I had paid any attention to women it had usually been to some ordinary person of the country I happened to be in at the time.

Miss Beale, though a perfectly modest girl, did not strive to conceal her preference for me. Moreover, she threw off enough of that conventionalism which I disliked to make my enjoyment of her society easy. A man of my kind, once becoming interested in a woman of his own social sphere, becomes an easy prey. It was not long before Miss Beale had me heels over head in love with her.

I put it in this way because the young lady, as I have said, though modest and unassuming as our affair proceeded, gave me every encouragement, and there was good reason to believe that her fancy for me was not a matter of worldly interest, for, while she seemed to have all the money she needed to spend, I soon made her aware of the state of my own affairs, nor did it change her manner toward me one whit.

One evening we emerged from the Uffizi gallery together and walked slowly along the bank of the Arno. The lamps that light the streets on either side of the river had just been lighted, and there is no more beautiful city scene in the world than the Arno banks at the twilight hour. Carried away by the surroundings, after confessing to my companion briefly how by my folly I had thrown away a fortune, I told her that I had now come to a realization of it since my loss deprived me of a hope of possessing her.

We had turned upon one of the bridges that span the river and were looking down upon the flowing waters. She responded that there was still a hope that we might be happy together. That hope depended upon my abandoning my nomadic life, returning to America and settling in some business or profession. I believed that it was too late for me to do this, but I consented to her terms.

"Possibly," I said, "I might find means of making that confounded grandmother of mine disgorge something of my estate."

She smiled at my optimism and advised me to look to the future rather than the past. Suits to recover property left by will out of the natural channel were expensive, dragged on from year to year and had a bad effect on the contestant.

It is evident from this that Miss Beale was just the woman I needed for a wife. She infused into me a practical common sense that no one had ever been able to force into me before. It was agreed that we should both return to America, where I was to make good my promises of reformation, and our future union was conditional upon my carrying them out.

We sailed from Naples on a warm afternoon, when the sea breeze, tempering the heat, was delightful. Standing on deck, I looked upon the high ground back of the city, Vesuvius towering on the south, Ischia in the bay on the other flank. The water, the hue of which is ever changing, was a deep green. Filled with the beauty of the scene, I could not but repress a regret that I must give up lingering in this artistic country, as well as my artistic instincts. I felt that but one thing would hold me down to my promises—the possession of the girl I loved.

Miss Beale told me that her home was in New York, while mine was in Philadelphia. I desired on arrival to see her to her home, but she would not permit it. She advised me to go at once to Philadelphia and call upon my grandmother, who owned a controlling interest in the business my father had built up with a view to obtaining a position there. I demurred to this, but Miss Beale insisted upon it, saying that if I were unable to "put my feelings in my pocket" and avail myself of the only chance open to me I might as well give up the whole matter and return to my roving. This settled it, and I promised to do as she advised.

The evening after my arrival in Philadelphia I got myself in condition to eat humble pie by going to the house in which I had been born to solicit a position in the business my father had intended I should manage. My love alone enabled me to swallow the pill. I rang the bell and, having been admitted, sent up my card. While I waited I was mentally picturing the woman who would come down to receive me. I fancied her to be of middle age, a crafty looking woman, thin and bony, with piercing eyes. I hated her before I saw her.

Presently I heard a footstep on the stairs and the rustle of skirts. When the descending figure reached the last step she was revealed to my view. I was transfixed with astonishment. I saw Alice Beale!

"What? Who?" I began and stopped.

"Your grandmother," she said, smiling in every feature of her face.

"You! My?"

"Yes. The day your grandfather died, being too far gone to make a will, he married me with the understanding that if possible I was to become your wife. The plan had already been arranged. I promising to take care of your interests, provided you mended your ways and became a steady man. Since you would not come to me for regeneration I went to you under my maiden name. Now that I have got you where I can influence you for your good we will do what seems best for you."

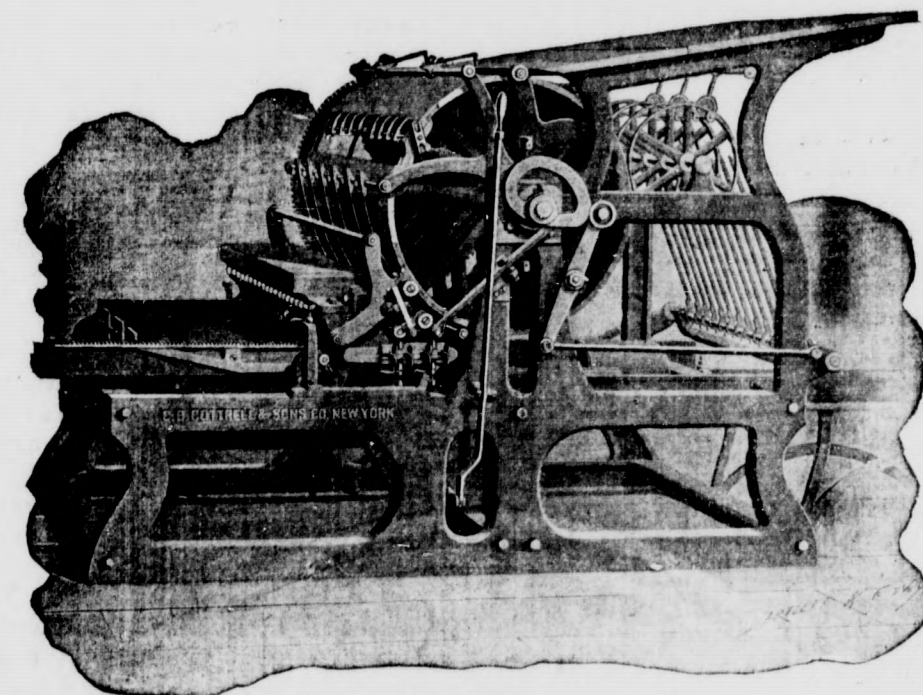
I married my grandfather's widow and from that time settled my affairs as I pleased, but always after conference with her. I did not return to Italy. I am now manager of the business my father established.

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a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	Miles	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	
8:10	5:35	10:00	8:10	0-0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00	8:40
8:25	5:50	10:15	8:25	2.5	Shops	7:45	2:45	4:30	5:15	8:55
8:34	5:59	10:24	8:34	5.0	Onondaga	7:57	2:57	4:40	5:25	9:07
8:38	6:03	10:28	8:38	7.1	Paimetto	8:03	3:03	4:46	5:31	9:13
8:39	6:04	10:29	8:39	7.6	DALY CITY	8:02	3:02	4:44	5:29	9:12
8:47	6:12	10:37	8:47	9.9	Thornton	8:04	3:04	4:46	5:31	9:14
8:54	6:19	10:44	8:54	11.0	MUSSEL ROCK	8:06	3:06	4:48	5:33	9:16
8:57	6:22	10:47	8:57	13.1	Edgemar	8:08	3:08	4:50	5:35	9:18
9:01	6:26	10:51	9:01	14.3	SALADA	8:09	3:09	4:51	5:36	9:19
9:03	6:28	10:53	9:03	14.6	Brighton	8:10	3:10	4:52	5:37	9:20
9:06	6:31	10:56	9:06	16.0	Vailemar	8:12	3:12	4:54	5:39	9:22
9:07	6:32	10:57	9:07	16.6	Rockaway	8:13	3:13	4:55	5:40	9:23
9:12	6:37	11:02	9:12	18.1	TOBIN	8:15	3:15	4:57	5:42	9:25
9:15	6:40	11:05	9:15	18.9	Ransome	8:16	3:16	4:58	5:43	9:26
9:24	6:49	11:14	9:24	21.1	Glen Canon	8:18	3:18	4:59	5:45	9:28
9:27	6:52	11:17	9:27	22.8	Montara	8:19	3:19	5:00	5:46	9:29
9:28	6:53	11:18	9:28	23.0	FARALLON	8:20	3:20	5:01	5:47	9:30
9:32	6:57	11:22	9:32	24.1	MOSS BEACH	8:22	3:22	5:03	5:49	9:32
9:33	6:58	11:23	9:33	24.4	Marino	8:23	3:23	5:04	5:50	9:33
9:37	7:02	11:27	9:37	26.0	Princeton	8:25	3:25	5:06	5:52	9:35
9:38	7:03	11:28	9:38	26.5	North Granada	8:26	3:26	5:07	5:53	9:36
9:40	7:05	11:30	9:40	27.1	Granada	8:27	3:27	5:08	5:54	9:37
9:42	7:07	11:32	9:42	27.6	SOUTH GRANADA	8:28	3:28	5:09	5:55	9:38
9:43	7:09	11:33	9:43	28.1	Miramar	8:29	3:29	5:10	5:56	9:39
9:50	7:16	11:40	9:50	30.2	HALF MOON	8:31	3:31	5:12	5:58	9:41
10:05	7:20	11:55	10:05	30.8	Arlota	8:33	3:33	5:14	6:00	9:43
10:10	7:25	12:00	10:10	32.6	Fairhaven	8:35	3:35	5:16	6:02	9:45
10:15	7:30	12:05	10:15	34.3	Purisima	8:37	3:37	5:18	6:04	9:47
10:17	7:32	12:07	10:17	34.8	Sealox	8:38	3:38	5:19	6:05	9:48
10:23	7:38	12:13	10:23	36.1	Lobitos	8:40	3:40	5:21	6:07	9:50
10:30	7:45	12:20	10:30	38.0	TUNITAS	8:42	3:42	5:23	6:09	9:52
a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.			a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.

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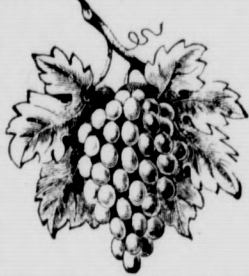
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BROOKLYN TABERNACLE

BIBLE STUDY ON LESSONS LEARNED BY JOSEPH'S BRETHREN.

Genesis 44—June 1.

"Confess therefore your sins one to another, and pray one for another, that ye may be healed."—James 5:16. R. V.

TODAY'S lesson shows that Joseph's experiences, mixed with faith, worked out for him a grand character, wholly obedient to God. But by a different process, Joseph's brethren were exercised by remorse, and became more sympathetic, more brotherly-kind, more loyal to their father Jacob. Life's experiences are intended, under Divine supervision, to be corrective and helpful. Confidence in God, however, is necessary as a basis for any such blessing.

After the feast in which Joseph had given Benjamin five portions, the brethren departed for home, well pleased with their experiences. Joseph, however, desired to test their sympathy for their father and their loving interest in Benjamin. Therefore he caused the silver cup to be placed in Benjamin's sack of wheat. After the brethren had gotten fairly started homeward, Joseph sent servants to demand his cup.

The brethren protested their innocence, and declared that if the cup were found in their possession, they would willingly become slaves. The search was made, and the cup found. In great distress the company wended its way back to the palace.

Again Joseph was austere and reproved them, that they might have opportunity to abandon Benjamin. Protesting innocence, they declared their willingness to become Joseph's slaves. But he answered that only the guilty one—Benjamin—should become his slave, and that the rest should return home, and continue to enjoy the favors of Egypt. This proposition he knew would test them. Had they the same heartiness that they had exhibited when they sold him into slavery?

Then Judah, who had pledged himself that Benjamin should return in safety, made an eloquent appeal, and entreated that he be accepted as a slave in Benjamin's stead. He ended with the question, "How shall I go up to my father, and the lad be not with me? lest I see the evil that shall befall my father."

The evidence of a change of heart was satisfactory to Joseph, and is to us all. Those who love righteousness rejoice in righteousness, as those who love sin rejoice in it. When we perceive so marked a change in those men, we rejoice, not only for their sakes, but also at the general lesson furnished. The conviction is borne in upon us that much of the sin, the meanness, the cruelty of today may be attributed to inherited weaknesses and immature experience. We say, "How great a change would probably be effected by a broader, deeper knowledge of ourselves and others?"

And do not life's daily experiences tend to give us the broadening of sympathies, and thus character-development? Doubtless there are exceptions to every rule, but it is our conviction that a sufficiency of the likeness of God remains in every member of our race to permit him at times to appreciate the good, the noble, the pure. It is because he is surrounded by sin and selfishness that these godlike sentiments are so rarely brought into exercise.

When Will Men Profit?

Some will say, "Admitting that life's trials teach men the sinfulness of sin and the wisdom of righteousness, where would be the profit of such instruction if only the saintly, who walk in Jesus' footsteps under a covenant of self-sacrifice, are to share in the Kingdom? How will the remainder of the race profit by their experiences, if death ends all hope?"

The answer is that we have made a mistake respecting the teachings of the Bible. The Scriptures nowhere say that all hope of salvation ends when we fall asleep in death. So far as the Church is concerned, it is true that death ends their probation. But this is not true concerning the world. The Church alone is now on trial. The world's trial time will be in the next Age.

Christ's Reign will be the great thousand-year Day, in which will be determined the worthiness or unworthiness of everlasting life of all humanity. Those found worthy will eventually

be perfected, and granted the Divine blessing of everlasting life. All then found unworthy will be condemned as unfit for life, sentenced to the Second Death.

The experiences of the present life, good or bad, will have their bearing upon the future trial, but will not decide the case for any one. Because of misuse of present opportunities and knowledge, some will enter upon the future life disadvantaged proportionately. These disadvantages will be their stripes, their chastisement, for present failures. Others, rightly exercised by the trials and difficulties of life, will be made more just, more loving, as were Joseph's brethren. Thus they will be the better prepared for a good entrance into the Messianic Kingdom, now, we believe, near at hand.



"How shall I go to my father without the lad?"



"The cup was found in Benjamin's sack."

HUMOROUS QUIPS.

The Weather Victims.

When all else is exhausted and Joy's bright banners furled
A fellow blames his troubles on the weather of the world—
"Ever see the like of it? No matter where you turn
The hot sun roasts a fellow 'fore his time has come to burn!"

"We're all in Trouble's fetter, an' that's why we complain.
The country would be better if they let up on the rain."
Not only in sweet summer their anguish they unfold—
"Old winter'd be a hummer if the blizzard warn't so cold!"

That's the way forever the grouchy fellows go.
"What a fine world it would be if heaven had made it so!"
And evermore their storm flags in the sunlight are unfurled.
It's fine to blame your troubles on the weather of the world.
—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

Stumped.

There used to be an official of the government at Washington who, with others, was charged with the duty of examining applicants for appointment to places in the consular service, and with this official it was an obsession that no man should be accredited to a country the language of which he did not speak.

On one occasion there appeared before him a young westerner who was desirous of getting a consular place in Siam.

"You are aware, of course," said the official referred to, "that I never recommend the appointment of any one unless he speaks the language of the country to which he desires to go. Now, I suppose, you do not speak Siamese?"

"If," answered the westerner, with a smile, "you will kindly ask me a question in Siamese I shall be happy to answer it."—New York American.

A Modern Version.

Returning from an eastern trip one day recently, a local man was recounting his experience for the edification of other members of his household.

"While in Baltimore," he said, "I tried to find some of father's relations, but I was unable to locate them. Odd, too, because they have an uncommon name."

"What is the name?" inquired Robert, aged nine.

"Hack," replied the parent. "It's an old German name."

"Are they up to date people?" asked the boy.

"Up to date? Of course they are, so far as I know. Why do you ask that?"

"Oh," replied the youngster with a grin, "I thought they might have changed their names to Taxicab."—Youngstown Telegram.

Wasn't Emancipated.

It was his first visit to America, and he was anxious to see as much of it as possible in a short time. In a brief visit to the south he met an aged negro who had been a slave.

"How interesting!" he remarked. "And after the war you had your freedom?"

The old man looked at him half sadly, half sheepishly, shook his woolly head and said:

"No, sah. I didn't git no freedom. I went and got married."—Stray Stories.

Made a Difference.

"As I understand it, doctor, if I believe I'm well I'll be well. Is that the idea?"

"It is."

"Then if you believe you are paid I suppose you'll be paid."

"Not necessarily."

"But why shouldn't faith work as well in one case as in the other?"

"Why, you see, there is a considerable difference between having faith in Providence and having faith in you."—Lippincott's.

Uppercut.

A little boy, seeing a gentleman in the street, placed himself in a convenient place to speak with him. When the gentleman came up the boy pulled off his hat, held it out to the gentleman and begged for a few cents.

"Money," said the gentleman. "You had better ask for manners than money."

"I asked," said the boy, "for what I thought you had the most of."—Life.

Chance For Fame.

Professor—You say you are engaged in some original research. Upon what subject?

Suphomore—I'm trying to discover why the ink won't flow from my fountain pen unless I place it in an upright position in the pocket of a light, fancy vest.—Chicago News.

The New Method.

"Then you no longer insist upon the enforcement of the laws punishing reckless automobile drivers?"

"Oh, no. We get at it in a different way now. We are opening schools that will teach children how to dodge 'em."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Their Status.

"So you've been to France again, Mrs. Comeup?"

"Yes; seems like we can't keep away from dear Paris. Indeed, my daughter says we're regular Parasites."—Baltimore American.

Success.

Servant (to his master, an author)—Sir, there are 15,000 people in the street who are clamoring to know what is going to happen in your serial tomorrow.—Pele Mele.

WORKERS SAFEGUARDED.

Ten New Labor Laws Soon to Be Operative in New York.

Governor Sulzer of New York recently signed ten labor bills which were introduced as a result of the investigations made by the factory investigating commission, appointed after the Ashe building fire in 1911.

One of the bills signed prohibits smoking in factories, and notice of such prohibition is required to be posted in every entrance hall, elevator car, etc. Provision is made that baled waste material may be stored in fireproof inclosures, but for not more than one month.

Another of the bills requires the installation of fire alarm signal systems in every factory building more than two stories in height and in which more than twenty-five persons are employed above the ground floor. It also provides that fire drills in the factories shall be under the supervision of the fire commissioner in New York city and of the state fire marshal in other parts of the state.

Provisions are made in other laws for better ventilation in factories and authorizing the industrial board to employ special means to remove impurities and reduce excessive heat, requiring factory employees to maintain living quarters in a sanitary condition; for compelling cleanly conditions in and around factories and requiring all yards and alleys to be kept free from rubbish and garbage, for special rules and regulations for dangerous employments and requiring licenses to be issued and medical examinations, and for the inclosure of elevators and hoisting shafts, placing foundries under the rules of factories and making rules for the same.

Another law requires that seats shall be provided for waitresses in hotels and restaurants and also that when females are engaged in work that can be properly performed in a sitting posture suitable seats with backs shall be provided.

One law relating to child labor provides that all children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen employed in factories shall submit to a physical examination whenever required by a medical inspector of the state labor department and providing for the cancellation of the employment certificate if the child is found unfit for labor.

Women's Labor Exchange in Holland.

The growing number of women who enter trade occupations in Amsterdam caused the municipality to establish a ladies' labor exchange in 1909. In the three years that it has been operating it has increased in importance until now the director and her nine assistants, also women, can scarcely cope with its business.

The bureau is divided into different departments, such as shoemakers, servants, extra helpers and various other occupations. Recently a department has been organized for office personnel—stenographers, typewriters, clerks, etc.

To give an idea of the extensiveness of the operations of this bureau and its growing popularity 1,192 girls found employment through its mediation in the month of January, 1912, while 1,755 were so placed in the same month this year. Last year a total of 18,231 women found employment through this bureau.

No fee is charged for service rendered by the bureau in this connection, while advice and assistance to working women in general is freely given at all times.

Victoria's Minimum Wage.

In the little state of Victoria, Australia, the minimum wage principle has been in use since 1896. Nor is it confined in its application to women. Men in large numbers also enjoy its benefits. Indeed, it applies to nearly every occupation in which wages are paid. It may be worth noting also that the minimum wage has been under almost constant discussion during these seventeen years, that it has been made the subject of several special inquiries, that it has been under consideration several times in the legislature and has been renewed five times by both houses of that body.

The Fishermen's Choice.

Approximately sixty fishermen who were taken to Seattle from Boston to man the halibut fishing steamers of the New England Fish company refused to go to work when they learned they were to be used as strike breakers. Instead they joined the Fishermen's union.

TRADE UNION BRIEFS.

Mississippi has the distinction of being the only southern cotton state with an eight hour day for all under sixteen years.

The threatened strike of the employees of the elevated railroads of Chicago has been settled by the board of arbitrators.

The strike of employees of the International railway at Buffalo resulted in a victory for the motormen and conductors.

An international congress of the unions of lithographic and kindred trades will take place in Vienna, Austria, on Sept. 3 to 6.

British transport and dock workers and the seamen, who have now twenty-eight loosely formed associations, will form a single organization.

A strike of 10,000 young women workers in the New York city tailoring trade has been authorized by the executive committee of the International Lady Garment Workers' union. About 9,000 men will also be affected.

POWER OF UNION.

The steel trust fancied it could resist any encroachment, commercial or economic, but the American Federation of Labor had the nerve to dispute this attitude and forced the Moloch to raise wages.

Unfair and scheming employers assume that business should not be disturbed by strikes, but unionists have the nerve to rebel against low wages and long hours until they are raised and shortened.

The organization or individual who has the nerve not to accept as final a temporary defeat cannot be placed in the delicatessen category.

Annals clubs have a large sprinkling of membership among employers who prate that "they pay workmen what they are worth," but union men have had the nerve and still have it to dispute this assertion.

THE EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Steel Plants Find It Does Not Increase Cost of Production.

Commissioner Neill has made public the third volume of the bureau of labor's investigation dealing with working conditions and the relation of employers and workmen in the iron and steel industry.

The report states that a system of three shifts of eight hours each is the only practicable substitute for the existing schedule of two shifts of twelve hours. Many advantages of the eight hour system are pointed out, and it is further shown that of the steel plants which have recently adopted the eight hour day one had no increase in its cost of production, while as a result of increased efficiency the cost of the other's products was actually less with the eight hour system than with the twelve hour system in spite of a considerable increase in wages.

The report shows that 15 per cent. of the employees in the iron and steel industry, as a whole, and more than 50 per cent of the blast furnace workmen work seven days a week.

The report states that since 1910, when the main investigation was made and when the normal working day for the majority of steel workers was twelve hours long, with practically 30 per cent of the entire force regularly working seven days per week, a number of steel companies have put into effect various plans by which none of their employees are required or permitted to work more than six days a week. Between 40 and 50 per cent of the employees formerly working seven days per week have been affected by these arrangements, but 15 per cent still work every day in the week.

The proportion of men working twelve hours a day has been practically unchanged except for two plants, previously mentioned, which have introduced the eight hour system. Careful estimates of the maximum cost of substituting the eight hour day with a 50 per cent increase in hourly rates so as to give the same daily earnings show that even if there were no increase in efficiency the cost of pig iron would be only 2.6 per cent greater, or 45 cents per ton. In finished products the cost would be only 6 per cent greater, or between \$1.70 and \$2 per ton.

Ohio's Compensation Law.

The passage of the Green workmen's compensation bill in both houses of the Ohio legislature practically gives the state a monopoly of workmen's compensation insurance. It is the most drastic law of the kind yet introduced in any state. It makes workmen's compensation compulsory and to all practical purposes forces employers to insure in the state fund. There seems to be a loophole whereby employers can, by giving a bond, carry their own insurance and insure in mutual associations. Casualty insurance men believe the law will shut out all stock liability companies from the state. Although the manufacturers and insurance men made a strong fight against the bill, it was one of the measures that Governor Cox advocated, and through the influence of himself and his adherents it passed both houses.

Minimum Pay For Girls.

The problem of a living wage for its women workers caused the Crane company of Chicago to announce it had increased its minimum wage to \$7.50 for a working week of fifty-four hours. The new minimum has gone into effect. It also was announced that the company's rest rooms would be enlarged and the women be released from work fifteen minutes earlier than the men, a scheme employed by several Chicago department stores and other business houses.

Municipal Ownership in Glasgow.

What municipal ownership of street railways did in Glasgow: Nearly doubled wages of employees; city furnishes their uniforms in addition to increased wages; service is greatly improved; rate of fare reduced so that it is only 1 cent in many places; a surplus left so that millions of dollars are turned into city funds.—Detroit News.

Plan to Extend Union.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has decided to oppose at the next New York city election any candidate who does not pledge himself to the eight hour workday and to the municipal ownership. Also the brotherhood appropriated \$100,000 for the purpose of unionizing motormen of the subway and elevated roads.

MR. HENRY PECK AND HIS FAMILY AFFAIRS

By Gross



VOTE FOR THE LABEL.

The sovereign citizen may exercise his franchise in regard to local or state affairs not oftener than once a year.

But the wage earner has an opportunity to vote for the union label every time he makes a purchase of any of the necessities of life, which may be several times a week.

If the wage earner, either himself or through his wife, averages one purchase a day it means he can vote for the right to organize and for better wages and conditions over 300 times a year.

A candidate for political office may betray his constituents, so that very often the voter gets a result that he did not think he was voting for, but when a wage earner buys goods bearing the union label he is never betrayed, because the union label guarantees to him that the goods were produced under the union conditions that he is resolved to vote for.

RAILWAY BROTHERHOODS.

Maintain Great System of Benevolence For Benefit of Members.

The four principal railroad brotherhoods are made up of the engineers, the firemen, the conductors and the trainmen, with a total membership of 300,000, or 95 per cent of the crews of the nation's 60,000 locomotives and 2,000,000 cars. The greatest, richest, most powerful and most respected of these four big brothers is the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the model for all brotherhoods. The Brotherhood of Railway Firemen, which has lately been most largely in the public eye because of its demands for a wage increase on all the Atlantic roads, learned much of its methods from the engineers' order.

All four big brothers are the teachers of all the little brothers, including telegraphers, clerks, carmen, trackmen, switchmen and the organized shop craftsmen. The big and little brothers together comprise the great majority of the country's 1,700,000 railway employees.

The millions paid into the brotherhood treasuries are used to maintain the greatest system of benevolence known to the labor world. The engineers, who organized fifty years ago have insurance policies in force amounting to \$130,000,000. They have paid out \$24,000,000 to injured members and heirs. The firemen disbursed \$1,000,000 a year in injury benefits and have \$87,000,000 in beneficiary certificates in force. The conductors' union has underwritten \$100,000,000 of insurance and has disbursed \$14,000,000 in benefits. It has paid \$1,500,000 in monthly payments to aged and disabled members and has a reserve relief fund of nearly \$2,000,000. The trainmen pay an average insurance of \$2,350,000 a year and have disbursed \$23,000,000 in benefits.

These organizations as a whole have underwritten half a billion dollars of insurance. They have paid out altogether \$100,000,000 in benefits at an administrative cost of from 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 per cent.—World's Work.

New York's Full Crew Law.

In giving his approval to the full crew law Governor Sulzer of New York said:

"Every safeguard, it seems to me, should be employed by the railroads to prevent wrecks, to protect the property of shippers and to conserve human life and limb not only of the employees, but of the traveling public. The progressive spirit of the time demands it, and the trend of present day legislation is all that way. The inauguration of these reforms in my opinion, will create greater safety and establish more efficiency in the operation of railway transportation."

The bill requires that on all freight trains of twenty-five cars or more on roads of more than fifty miles in length there shall be at least three brakemen. On passenger trains of five cars or more there must be at least two trainmen, and on passenger trains having a baggage car there must be a baggage man. On freight trains of less than twenty-five cars the law states that there must be two or more brakemen.

REALTY TRANSFERS

R. H. Smith to E. L. Mackey. Lot 4, blk. B, 1st. Ad., Huntington Park.

Louis Weingarten to A. Schuler. Lot 17, blk. 4, Hillcrest.

Emily H. Ford and husband to John Meyer. Lot 5, blk. E, Boyd & Kent Adn.

Kate Kelly to G. D. Stone. 10 acres at Portola.

Owners Realty Co. to Albert Rabbitt. Lots 32, 33, blk. 2, Oakleigh Park Tract.

Crocker Est. Co. to W. Weiss and wife. Lot 43, blk. 3, Crocker Tract.

T. F. Casey and wife to A. Devincenti. Lot 1, blk. 34, Wm. Adn., San Mateo.

A. R. H. Wolff to M. E. Hughes. Lot 28, blk. 11, Huntington Park.

H. Hasseler et al to West Redwood Land Co. Lot 22, W. W. & M. Sub.

O. N. Steele to N. B. Smith et al. 400 acres Punta Del an Nuevo Ro.

J. Brown to J. H. Spark. Lot 6, blk. 7, Shore Acres.

C. A. Carlson to J. E. Brady. Portion lots 7, 8, blk. 35, Ern. Adn., San Mateo.

The Moxey Realty Co. to Edw. T. Kelly. Lots 2, 3, blk. 2, W. W. & M. Sub.

Crocker Est. Co. to S. G. Crowhurst. Lot 37, blk. 10, Crocker Tract.

San Mateo Land Assn. to B. A. Shirley. Lot 6, blk. P, San Mateo Heights.

W. J. Morgan to Rudolph Kuhn. Lots 1, 2, blk. 25, Wave Crest.

J. A. Boyd et al to L. J. Daly. Lot 2, blk. 11, Sequoia Tract.

Same to M. P. Delahanty. Lot 1, blk. 11, Same tract.

Crocker Est. Co. to W. S. Randolph and wife. Lot 44, blk. 10, Crocker Tract.

C. A. Meyers to M. V. McGuire. Lot 1, blk. 4, Lomita Park.

South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co. to South City Lot Co. Lot 22, blk. C, Peck's Sub.

W. M. Roberts to D. Noller and wife. Same as above.

F. & A. Levy Co. to A. Fryberg. Lot 6, blk. 3, Miramontes Tract.

Marriage Licenses

Emmet Sarsfield Cox, aged 33 and Elinore R. Cooper, aged 26, both of San Francisco.

Andel Rojas, aged 40, Millbrae and Carmen Echeverria, aged 38, San Juan.

John Francis Pope of Chicago, father of John D. Pope and Emilie D. Pope, minors and grand children of the late John T. Doyle, who was at one time leader of the bar of this State, has petitioned the Superior Court of this county, asking that a citation be issued to John J. Doyle and Edmund M. Doyle to appear and show cause why they have not filed an account as trustees of the estate of the minors. John T. Doyle died on December 23, 1906, leaving a will by the terms of which a trust was created whereby the two Pope children were to receive their mother's share of his estate. John J. Doyle and Edmund M. Doyle were named as trustees. They were to invest the money received by them and apply the income to the education of the minor children. The trust was to terminate when the boy reached the age

K. H. List and wife to John Meyer. Lots 2, 3, and portion blk. 27 Ern. Adn., Redwood.

J. E. Junt and wife to Mildred E. Star. Lot 37, blk. 15, Wave Crest.

Levy Bros et al to K. E. Davery et al. Lot 9, blk. C, Millbrae Park.

E. W. Magruder and wife to Jas. Hackett. Lot 7, Redwood Farm.

W. F. Ebener and wife to E. J. Long. Lot 1, blk. 1, W. W. & M. Sub.

Hensley-Green Co. to W. M. Roberts. Portion lots 2, 3, blk. 2, Lomita Park.

J. A. Boyd et al to M. Tamburovich. Wy. 1-2 lot 6, Boyd & Kent Adn.

Crocker Estate Co. to W. Munro and wife. Lot 1, blk. 11, Crocker Tract.

Same to Felix Buchigani and wife. Lots 16, 17, blk. 6, Same map.

John A. Boyd et al to Carroll O. Stout. Lots 9, 10, 11, blk. 2, Sequoia Tract.

John K. Howard et al to T. F. Casey. Lot 1, blk. 34, Wm. Adn., San Mateo.

W. F. Carpenter and wife to C. D. Reid. Lots 60, 61, blk. 6, Belle Air Park.

Ansel M. Easton and wife to M. F. Mangan. Lot 24, blk. 50, Easton Adn.

Hensley-Green Co. to Louis Lauten. Lot 19, blk. M, San Bruno Park.

H. C. Sawyer to Mary E. Fitzhugh. 52.87 acres, Portola.

Anglo-Calif Trust Co. to M. R. Beck. Lot 8, blk. 19, Hillcrest.

Oaks Co. to W. J. Dougherty. Lots 21, 22, 23, 24, blk. 66, Dumbarton Oaks.

Halfmoon Bay Realty Co. to T. F. Wise and wife. Lot 8, blk. 9, Venice Beach.

Boston Invest Co. to W. R. Hoag. Lots 4, 5, 6, 7, blk. 3, Burlingame Park.

Shore Line Invest. Co. to Fannie L. Gellert. S 1-2 lot 23, blk. 30, Granada.

M. V. Fisher and husband to F. J. Tetreau. Lot 65, blk. 14, Belle Air Park.

of 25 and when the girl became 22. They were then to receive their inheritance together with the accumulations. The petition recites that the trustees have never filed a report. Judge Buck issued a citation to the two trustees, compelling them to file their account within ten days. The two Pope children have been residing in Chicago with their father for many years. Their mother died at her father's home in Menlo Park about twelve years ago. Mr. Pope is a prominent attorney of the Windy City. Mrs. Antonia Doyle, grandmother of the minors, died in 1910, and her estate was distributed only recently.

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Fulton, building contractor, Burlingame.
John Lee, building contractor, San Mateo.

Rix, brick contractor, San Bruno.
J. H. Rockingham, building contractor, Burlingame.

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Summons

In the Justice's Court of the First Township, County of San Mateo, State of California.

Samuel M. Valenzuela, Plaintiff, vs. M. Schuyler, Defendant.

The People of the State of California send greeting to M. Schuyler, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named Plaintiff in the Justice's Court of First Township, County of San Mateo, State of California, and to answer before the Justice, at his office in said Township, the Complaint filed therein, within five days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this Summons—if served within the Township in which this action is brought; or, if served out of the Township, but in said County, within ten days, or within twenty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer, the Plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the Complaint, as arising upon Contract, or will apply to the Court for relief demanded in the Complaint.

Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 21st day of January, 1913.

ELLIS C. JOHNSON,
Justice of the Peace of said Township.
mar-6-apr25

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